Financial Statements
Supplementary Information

Year Ended December 31, 2018

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Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable Supervisor and Town Board of the Town of Lewisboro, New York

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Lewisboro, New York ("Town") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Town's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town, as of December 31, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General, Highway and Special Districts funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to Notes 2E and 3F in the notes to financial statements which disclose the effects of the Town's adoption of the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions". Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis and the schedules included under Required Supplementary Information in the accompanying table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit for the year ended December 31, 2018 was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules for the year ended December 31, 2018 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018 and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended December 31, 2018.

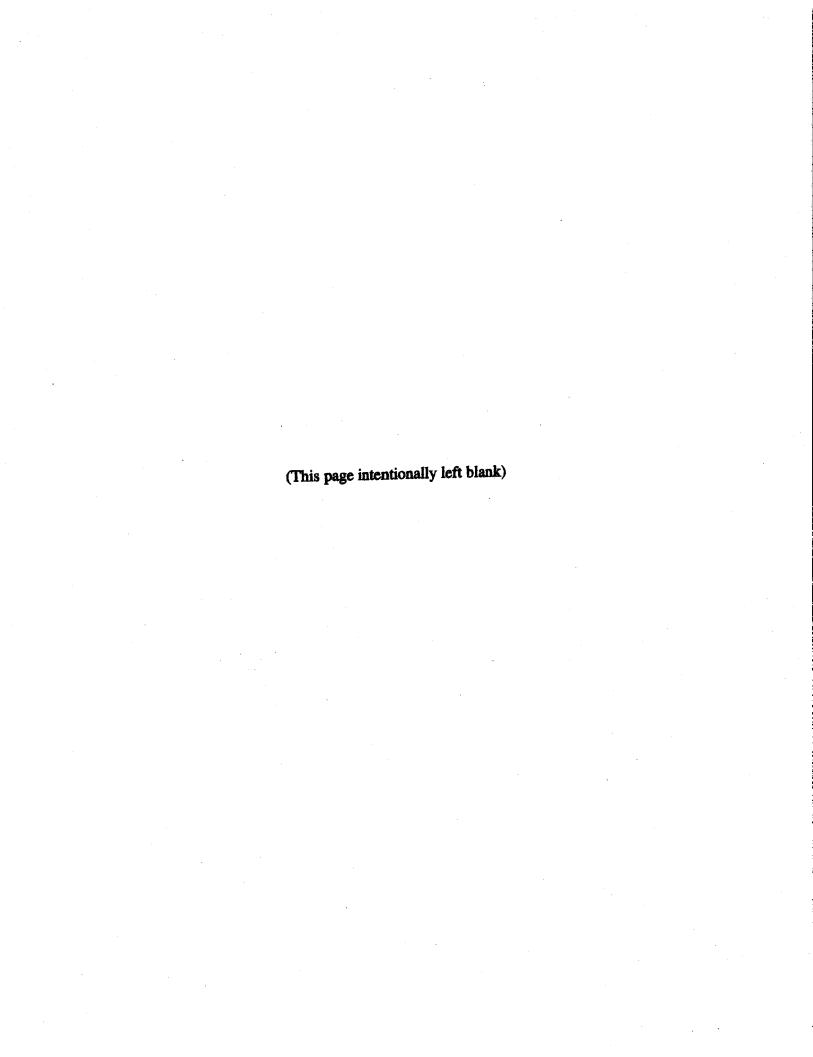
We also previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statements of the Town as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated May 30, 2018, which contained unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules for the year ended December 31, 2017 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2017 financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit

of the 2017 basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare those financial statements or to those financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended December 31, 2017.

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP

Harrison, New York July 8, 2019



Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)
December 31, 2018

Introduction

The following discussion and analysis of the Town of Lewisboro, New York's financial statements provides an overview of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2018. Please read it in conjunction with the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes to those statements that follow this section.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2018 are as follows:

- On the government-wide financial statements, the Town's liabilities and deferred inflows
 of resources exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of
 fiscal year 2018 by \$22,741,987. Of this amount, the unrestricted portion is a deficit of
 \$24,330,734. This deficit results primarily from the accrual of certain operating liabilities
 pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") pronouncements
 discussed below, inclusive of other post employment benefit obligations ("OPEB"), and
 net pension liabilities pursuant to GASB Statement No. 68.
- As of the close of fiscal year 2018, the Town's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$1,792,360, an overall increase of \$2,106,326 as compared to the prior year ending combined fund deficit of (\$313,966). The net increase is primarily attributed to an increase in the Capital Projects Fund from revenues from bonds issued exceeding capital outlay expenditures.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$393,968 and represented 4.4% of total General Fund expenditures and other financing uses. The General Fund reported a total ending fund balance of \$709,917, a decrease of \$485,070 as compared to the prior year, as a result of current year expenditures particularly health benefits exceeding the final budget.
- For the year ended December 31, 2018, the Town implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions ("OPEB")". This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for OPEB by establishing standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and expenses/expenditures. This statement identifies the methods and assumptions that are required to be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value and attribute that present value to the periods of employee service. This statement supersedes the provisions of GASB Statement No. 45, "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions". primary distinction between the two standards is that since no mechanism exists under current New York State Law for New York municipalities and school districts to pre-fund these obligations in an irrevocable trust, entities must now report their total OPEB liability as opposed to the net OPEB liability that has been reported under the prior standard. As a result, the net position for governmental activities on the government-wide financial

statements reflects a change in accounting principle adjustment of (\$17,043,492) to the opening net position originally reported as of January 1, 2018 of (\$12,921,736), thereby restating the opening net position to (\$29,965,228).

- In addition to the impact of the Town's OPEB obligations, the government-wide financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018 are also significantly impacted by the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68. This pronouncement established accounting and financial reporting requirements associated with the Town's participation in the cost sharing multiple employer pension plans administered by the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("ERS") and the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System ("PFRS"). Under the new standards, cost-sharing employers are required to report in their government-wide financial statements a net pension liability (asset), pension expense and pension-related deferred inflows and outflows of resources based on their proportionate share of the collective amounts for all of the municipalities and school districts in the plan. At December 31, 2018, the Town reported in its Statement of Net Position a liability of \$399,430 for its proportionate share of the ERS and PFRS net pension liabilities. In addition, the Town has retirement incentives and other pension obligations totaling \$539,777 at December 31, 2018. More detailed information about the Town's pension plan reporting in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, including amounts reported as pension expense and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, is presented in the notes to financial statements.
- During the current fiscal year, the Town issued \$3,105,567 in general obligation bonds and retired \$845,000 of general obligation debt. The Town's outstanding general obligation bonds payable at December 31, 2018 totaled \$11,370,567.
- Throughout the current fiscal year, the Town redeemed and converted \$2,445,906 of short-term capital debt in the form of bond anticipation notes to bonds leaving short-term capital borrowings of \$600,000 at December 31, 2018.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The following is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's financial statements, which includes three basic components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the Town's assets, liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator as to whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information reflecting how the Town's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in

cash flows in future fiscal periods (for example, uncollected taxes, earned but unused vacation leave and OPEB obligations.

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the Town include general government support, public safety, health, transportation, culture and recreation, home and community services and interest.

The government-wide financial statements can be found immediately following this discussion and analysis.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The Town, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related and legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Government-wide financial statements cover a broad spectrum of financial reporting. It is, therefore, also useful to examine the information presented in each separate governmental fund since it more closely represents the cost of individual governmental activities. This will also help readers understand both the long and short-term impacts of financial decisions. The governmental fund balance sheets and statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in the year-end fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Town maintains six individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Highway Fund, Special Districts Fund and Capital Projects Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Individual fund data for the non-major governmental funds, the Debt Service Fund and the Special Purpose Fund, is provided elsewhere in this report.

The Town adopts an annual appropriation budget for its General Fund, Highway Fund and Special Districts Funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance with the respective budgets.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the Town programs. The

Town maintains only one type of fiduciary fund, an Agency Fund. The Town holds resources in this fund purely in a custodial capacity. The activity in this fund is limited to the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of resources to the appropriate individual, organization or government.

The financial statements for the governmental and fiduciary funds can be found in the basic financial statements section of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are located following the basic financial statements section of this report.

Other Information

Additional statements and schedules can be found immediately following the notes to financial statements. These include the combining statements for the non-major governmental funds and schedules of budget to actual comparisons.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the Town's financial position. In the case of the Town, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$22,741,983 at the close of the current fiscal year.

Statement of Net Position

	2018		 2017
Current Assets	\$	30,321,997	\$ 34,599,600
Capital Assets, net		12,492,219	 12,746,083
Total Assets		42,814,216	 47,345,683
Deferred Outflows of Resources		1,551,720	 1,182,159
Current Liabilities	28,429,957		34,759,946
Long-term Liabilities		33,815,413	 26,443,741
Total Liabilities		62,245,370	 61,203,687
Deferred Inflows of Resources		4,862,549	 245,891
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets		1,460,716	1,431,639
Restricted		128,035	550,268
Unrestricted		(24,330,734)	 (14,903,643)
Total Net Position	\$	(22,741,983)	\$ (12,921,736)

The largest component of the Town's net position reflects its net investment in capital assets, amounting to \$1,460,716. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens and consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

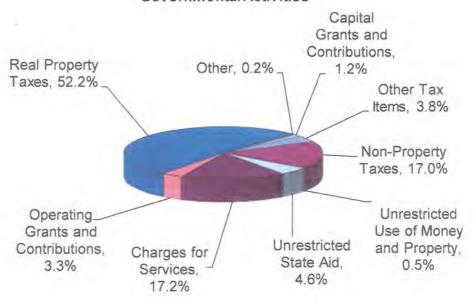
The restricted net position of \$128,035, (restricted for debt service of \$63,497 and special purposes of \$64,538) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on their use, or the respective fund that the restricted resources are allocated.

The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, which is a deficit of \$24,330,734, must be financed from future operations. This deficit results from a combination of the Town's long-term commitments, including repayment of general obligation bonds (\$11,370,567), retirement incentives and other pension obligations (\$539,777), compensated absences (\$668,153), net pension liability (\$399,430) and other post employment benefit obligations (\$20,837,486). These obligations are greater than currently available resources. Payments for these liabilities will be budgeted in the year the actual payment will be made.

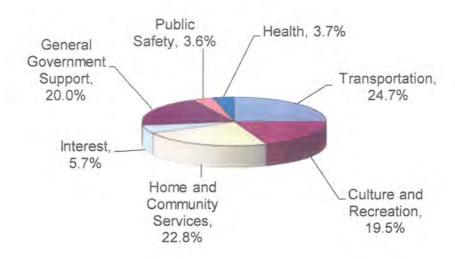
Changes in Net Position December 31,

	2018			2017
Program Revenues			-	
Charges for Services	\$	2,300,959	\$	2,377,147
Operating Grants and Contributions		444,779		314,146
Capital Grants and Contributions		163,497		-
General Revenues				
Real Property Taxes		6,979,605		7,070,135
Other Tax items		511,544		304,826
Non-Property Taxes		2,277,579		2,190,583
Unrestricted Use of Money				
and Property		47,790		26,031
Unrestricted State Aid		610,695		760,784
Miscellaneous		28,768		30,335
Total Revenues		13,365,216		13,073,987
Program Expenses				
General Government Support		1,228,481		3,731,411
Public Safety		219,660		1,987,610
Health		226,582		225,416
Transportation		1,517,363		3,574,754
Culture and Recreation		1,197,016		2,957,042
Home and Community Services		1,402,930		1,651,462
Interest		349,939		299,322
Total Expenses		6,141,971		14,427,017
Change in Net Position		7,223,245		(1,353,030)
Net Position				
Beginning , as reported		(12,921,736)		(11,568,706)
Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle		(17,043,492)		-
Ending, as restated		(29,965,228)		(11,568,706)
Ending	\$	(22,741,983)	\$	(12,921,736)

Sources of Revenue for Fiscal Year 2018 Governmental Activities



Expenses for Fiscal Year 2018 Governmental Activities



Governmental Activities: Governmental activities reduced the Town's deficit by \$7,223,245 for the year ended December 31, 2018. The total Town governmental activities revenues were \$13,365,216. Real property taxes provide 52% of total revenues and non-property tax items provide 17%. Charges for services, operating grants and contributions and capital grants and contribution provided 22%. Total revenues increased by \$291,229 from the prior year. Governmental activities expenditures of the Town for the year ended December 31, 2018 totaled \$6,141,971, a decrease of \$8,285,046 as compared to the prior year. The largest components of these expenses are in the areas of General Government Support (20%), Transportation (24%) and Culture and Recreation (19%).

The major changes in 2018 as compared to 2017 are as follows:

Revenues:

- Real Property Taxes decreased by \$90,530 as a result of slower tax collections.
- Other Tax Items increased \$206,718 due to a gain on the sale of tax acquired property in the current year.
- Unrestricted State Aid decreased \$150,089 primarily due to a decline in mortgage tax revenue.
- Charges for services revenue decreased \$76,188 reflective of decreases in intergovernmental charges for services to other governments.
- Operating grants and contributions primarily increased due to certain State reimbursements received for capital, highway and sewer projects in the current year that were greater than those in the prior year.
- Capital Grants increased \$163,497 due to state funding received in the Capital Projects Fund.

Expenses:

• The Town's implementation of GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions" and the change in benefits terms as a result of the Town leaving the MEBCO consortium and joining the New York State Health Insurance Program resulted in a decrease in liabilities of approximately \$7.2 million and a resulting decrease of \$2.1 million in the general government support function, \$1.5 million in public safety, \$1.9 million in transportation, \$1.6 million in culture and recreation and approximately \$100,000 in home and community services.

Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the Town's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$1,792,360, an increase of \$2,106,326 from the prior year combined ending fund deficit of (\$313,966).

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Town. At the end of the current fiscal year, the total fund balance of the General Fund reflected a positive fund balance of \$709,917, an overall decrease of \$485,070 from the prior year. The unassigned fund balance of the

General Fund was \$393,968 and represented 55.5% of total fund balance of the General Fund. The nonspendable fund balance component is \$315,949. This represents an estimate of school taxes receivable which will not be collected within the subsequent year. Overall, General Fund expenditures and other financing uses were \$8,882,753. Revenues were \$8,397,683, which was \$46,102 more than the final budget. The major areas where revenues exceeded the final budget include other tax items – gain on sale of tax acquired property of \$145,327 and non-property tax distribution from County of \$117,067, while mortgage tax revenue fell short of budget by \$126,644. However, departmental income, mostly in the area of inspection fees exceeded the final budget by \$63,244. Expenditures and other financing uses were \$8,882,753, which was \$531,172 more than the final budget, particularly in the employee benefits section under the hospitalization and medical insurance appropriation.

The Highway Fund containing activity for transportation expenditures reflected a fund deficit of (\$68,454) at the end of the current fiscal year, a decrease to fund balance of \$167,305. Overall, actual Highway Fund expenditures and other financing uses were \$209,674 more than the final budget and actual revenues and other financing sources were \$42,369 greater than the final budget, resulting in net change in fund balance of \$167,305.

The Special Districts Fund reflected a combined fund balance of \$683,796. This is an increase from the prior year balance of \$498,719. The increase results from increased real property taxes and state aid.

The Capital Projects Fund reflected a restricted fund balance of \$339,064 at December 31, 2018. This represents an increase from prior year's deficit of \$2,204,441 as the Town issued \$3,105,507 in general obligation bonds.

The Non-Major Governmental Fund consists of the Debt Service and Special Purpose funds. The fund balance of the Debt Service Fund totaled \$63,497 while the fund balance of the Special Purpose Fund totaled \$64,538 at December 31, 2018.

Capital Assets

The Town's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2018 amounted to \$12,492,219 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment and infrastructure.

Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)

	2018		2017		
Land	\$	725,000	\$	725,000	
Construction-in-progress	•	128,544	•	-	
Land Improvements		872,830	•	934,439	
Buildings and Improvements		720,177		766,944	
Machinery and Equipment		904,799		514,911	
Infrastructure	-	9,140,869		9,804,789	
Total	\$	12,492,219	\$	12,746,083	

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 3C, in the notes to financial statements.

Long-term / Short-Term Indebtedness

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town had total bonded debt outstanding of \$11,370,567. As required by New York State Law, all bonds issued by the Town are general obligation bonds, backed by the full faith and credit of the Town.

The Town did issue \$3,105,567 in new bonds in fiscal year 2018 and retired \$845,000 in principal on outstanding obligations.

Short-term debt for the Town totaled \$600,000 in the form of bond anticipation notes (BAN's). The Town converted \$2,445,906 to bonds leaving a balance of \$600,000 in BANs at December 31, 2018 of short-term debt.

Additional information on the Town's short-term capital borrowings and long-term debt can be found in Note 3E and 3F, respectively, of this report.

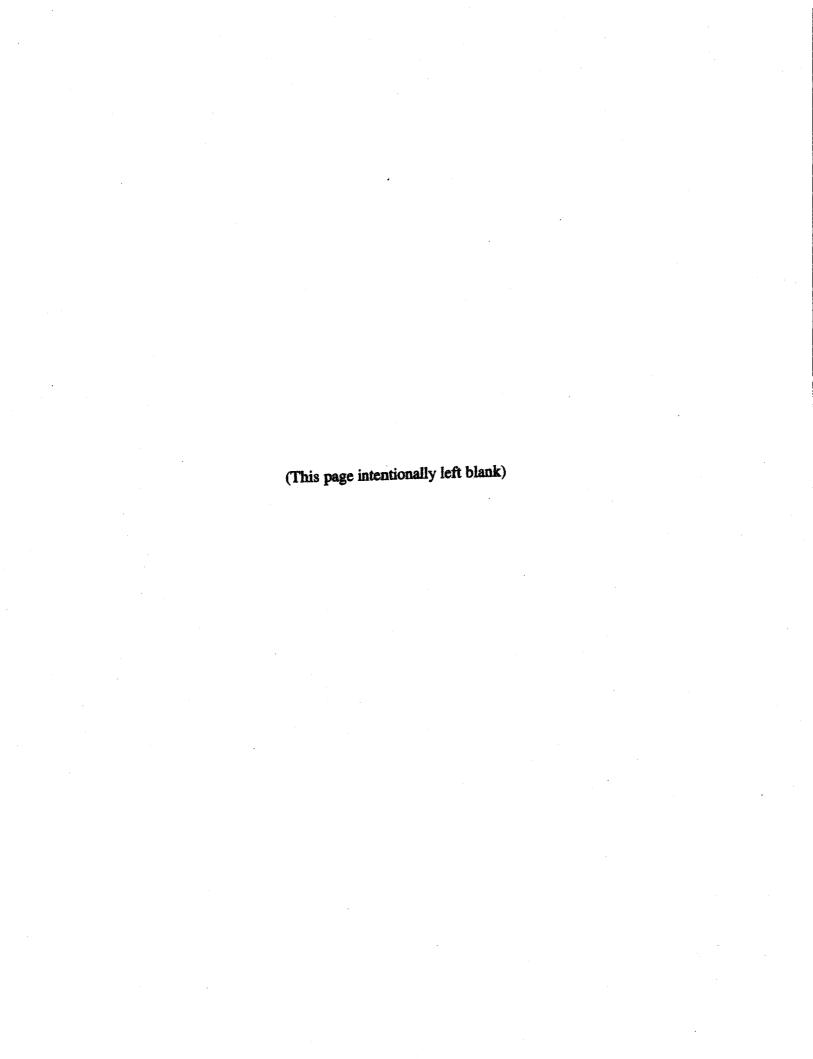
Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Town Supervisor, Peter Parsons, Town of Lewisboro, 11 Main Street, South Salem, NY 10590.

Statement of Net Position December 31, 2018

	G 	overnmental Activities
ASSETS	•	44 007 440
Cash and equivalents Receivables	\$	11,387,442
Taxes, net		18,164,031
Accounts		258,127
Due from other governments		512,397
Capital assets		012,007
Not being depreciated		853,544
Being depreciated, net		11,638,675
Total Assets		42,814,216
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		1,551,720
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		400,734
Accrued liabilities		501,558
Due to school districts		26,686,169
Deposits		122,861
Bond anticipation notes payable		600,000
Accrued interest payable		118,635
Non-current liabilities		
Due within one year		1,146,206
Due in more than one year		32,669,207
Total Liabilities		62,245,370
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		4,862,549
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		1,460,716
Restricted		
Debt service		63,497
Special purpose		64,538
Unrestricted		(24,330,734)
Total Net Position	\$	(22,741,983)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.



Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2018

			Program Revenues						N	et (Expense)
					(Operating		Capital	F	Revenue and
			C	Charges for		Frants and	_	rants and		Changes in
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	<u>_C</u>	ontributions	Co	ntributions		let Position
Governmental activities	•	4 000 404	•	040 405	•		•		•	(045,000)
General government support	\$	1,228,481 219,660	\$	613,185	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(615,296) 24,794
Public safety Health		219,660		244,454		-		-		(226,582)
Transportation		1,517,363		4,860		227,369		100,000		(1,185,134)
Culture and recreation		1,317,303		1,079,161		76,344		100,000		(41,511)
Home and community		1,157,010		1,075,101		70,044				(11,011)
services		1,402,930		359,299		141,066		-		(902,565)
Interest		349,939		-		-		63,497		(286,442)

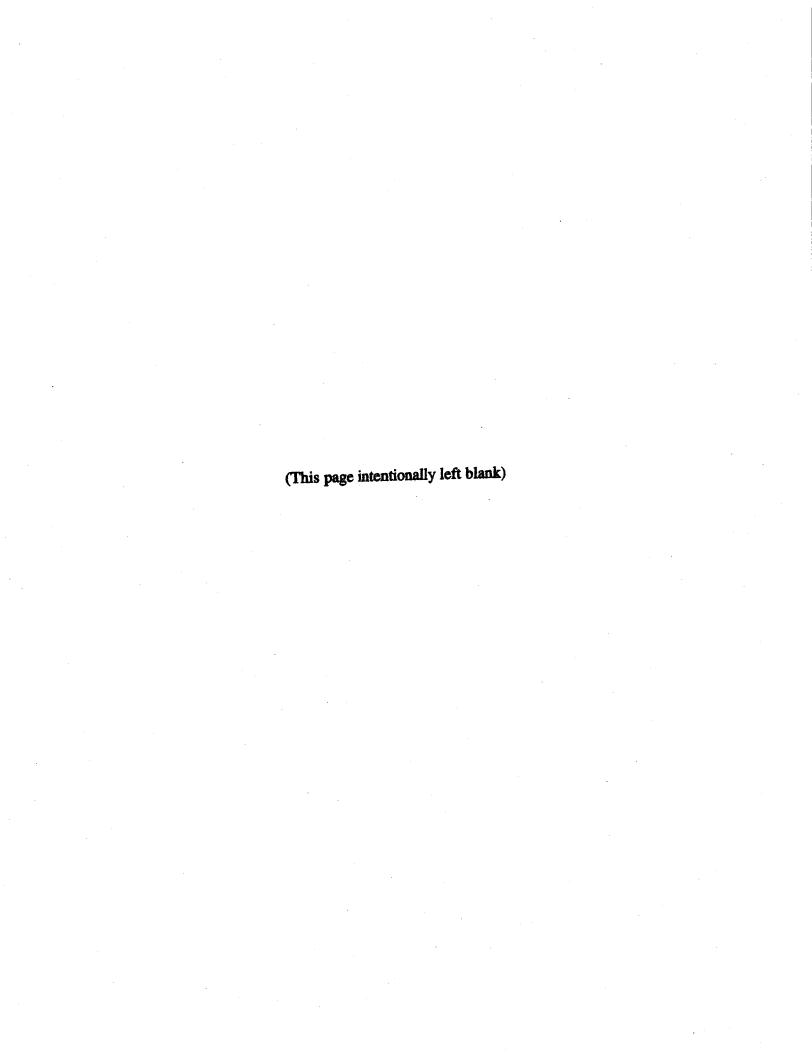
Total Governmental Activities	\$	6,141,971	\$	2,300,959	\$	444,779	\$	163,497		(3,232,736)
		neral revenues								
	· · · ·						6,979,605			
		ther tax items	٠.			•				040 570
		Sain on sale o				*				316,572
		nterest and pe on-property ta:		ies on real p	rope	ny taxes				194,972
		Franchise fee								290,512
		Non-property		distribution fr	om (County				1,987,067
		nrestricted use				-				47,790
		restricted Sta			.000	,				610,695
		iscellaneous		-						28,768
		Total General	Rev	enues						10,455,981
	,	Change in Net	l Po	sition						7,223,245
	NET	POSITION								
	Beginning, as reported							(12,921,736)		
	Cun	nulative Effect	of (Change in Ad	cour	nting Principl	е			(17,043,492)
	Beg	inning, as rest	tate	t						(29,965,228)
	End	ling							\$	(22,741,983)

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2018

400570		General	 Highway	***********	Special Districts
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$	10,296,253	\$ 13,532	\$	548,362
Taxes receivable, net		18,164,031	 -		-
Other receivables Accounts Due from other governments Due from other funds		204,747 512,397	- - 133,910		53,380 - 315,921
		717,144	 133,910		369,301
Total Assets	\$	29,177,428	\$ 147,442	\$	917,663
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS Liabilities	S)				
Accounts payable	\$	294,026	\$ 81,644	\$	14,017
Accrued liabilities Due to school districts		367,308	134,250		-
Due to other funds		26,686,169 778,832	-		219,850
Deposits		122,861	-		2 10,000
Bond anticipation notes payable		-	 		-
Total Liabilities		28,249,196	215,894		233,867
Deferred inflows of resources Deferred tax revenues		218,315	 **		•
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	•	28,467,511	215,894		233,867
Fund balances (deficits)					
Nonspendable		315,949	-		-
Restricted		-	-		-
Assigned Unassigned		- 393,968	(68,452)		683,796
·					<u>-</u>
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		709,917	 (68,452)		683,796
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$	29,177,428	\$ 147,442	\$	917,663

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Capital Projects		lon-Major vernmental	G	Total overnmental Funds
\$ 464,757	\$	64,538	\$	11,387,442
 <u> </u>		<u>-</u>		18,164,031
 - 485,354		- - 63,497		258,127 512,397 998,682
 485,354		63,497		1,769,206
\$ 950,111	\$	128,035	\$	31,320,679
\$ 11,047	\$		\$	400,734 501,558
-		-		26,686,169
-		-		998,682 122,861
600,000				600,000
611,047		-		29,310,004
 				218,315
 611,047				29,528,319
 339,064 - -		- 128,035 - -		315,949 467,099 683,796 325,516
 339,064	•	128,035	-	1,792,360
\$ 950,111	\$	128,035	\$	31,320,679



Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position December 31, 2018

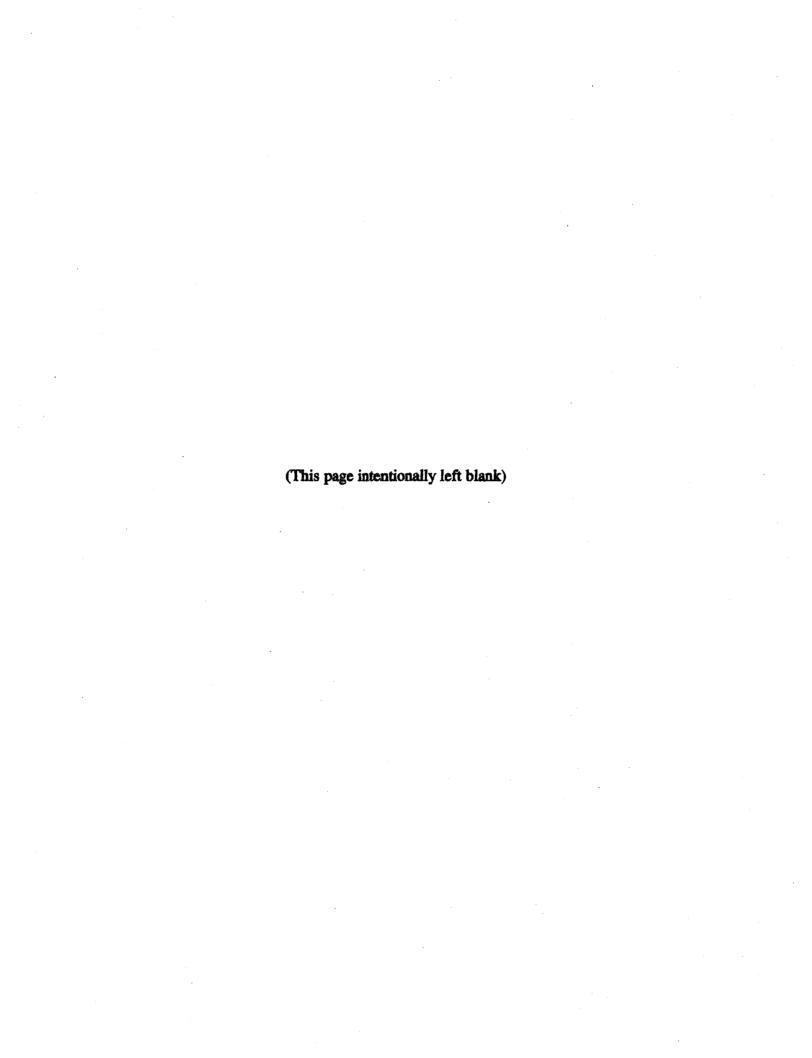
Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 1,792,360
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	12,492,219
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Real property taxes	218,315
Governmental funds do not report the effect of assets or liabilities related to net pension liabilities whereas these amounts	
are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Deferred amounts on net pension liabilities	360,951
Deferred amounts on other post employment benefits	(3,671,780)
	(3,310,829)
Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds.	
Accrued interest payable	(118,635)
Bonds payable	(11,370,567)
Compensated absences	(668,153) (399,430)
Net pension liability Retirement incentives and other pension obligations	(539,777)
Other post employment benefit obligations payable	(20,837,486)
	(33,934,048)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (22,741,983)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
Year Ended December 31, 2018

		General		Highway		Special Districts
REVENUES	•	0.004.700	٠	0.070.440	•	000.004
Real property taxes	\$	2,901,788	\$	3,370,112	\$	698,964
Other tax items		511,544		-		-
Non-property taxes		2,277,579		-		-
Departmental income		1,667,444		-		281,440
Intergovernmental charges		42,256		-		-
Use of money and property		137,274		38		1,066
Licenses and permits		18,345		-		-
Fines and forfeitures		201,990		-		-
Sale of property and						
compensation for loss		-		15,153		-
State aid		610,695		212,178		140,000
Miscellaneous		28,768				
Total Revenues		8,397,683	_	3,597,481		1,121,470
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General government support		2,301,863		68,524		28,755
Public safety		1,051,803		-		-
Health		228,649		-		-
Transportation		148,613		2,207,410		14,555
Culture and recreation		1,949,587		-		-
Home and community services		169,449		-		596,252
Employee benefits		2,512,040		1,068,835		-
Debt service						
Principal		-		-		-
Interest		7,606		24,480		9,092
Capital outlay					-	
Total Expenditures		8,369,610		3,369,249		648,654
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		28,073		228,232		472,816
		20,073	_	220,232		4/2,010
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Bonds issued		-		-		-
Issuance premium		-		-		-
Transfers in		-		-		-
Transfers out		(513,143)		(395,537)		(287,739)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(513,143)		(395,537)	,	(287,739)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(485,070)		(167,305)		185,077
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Beginning of Year		1,194,987		98,853		498,719
End of Year	\$	709,917	\$	(68,452)	\$	683,796

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

<u> </u>		Total
Capital	Non-Major	Governmental
Projects	Governmental	Funds
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,970,864
, 	· -	511,544
-	-	2,277,579
-	-	1,948,884
-	-	42,256
-	-	138,378
-	-	18,345
-	-	201,990
-	-	15,153
100,000	-	1,062,873
_	76,344	105,112
100,000	76,344	13,292,978
-	-	2,399,142
-	-	1,051,803
-	-	228,649
-	-	2,370,578
-	109,725	2,059,312
-	-	765,701
-	-	3,580,875
-	845,000	845,000
<u>-</u>	246,080	287,258
767,398		767,398
767,398	1,200,805	14,355,716
(667,398)	(1,124,461)	(1,062,738)
3,105,567	-	3,105,567
-	63,497	63,497
105,339	1,091,080	1,196,419
	-	(1,196,419)
3,210,906	1,154,577	3,169,064
2,543,508	30,116	2,106,326
(2,204,444)	97,919	(313,966)
\$ 339,064	\$ 128,035	\$ 1,792,360
y 335,004	\$ 128,035	\$ 1,792,360



Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2018

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Becau	use
Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 2,106,326
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital outlay expenditures	767,398
Depreciation expense	(1,021,262)
	(253,864)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	
Real property taxes	8,741
ineal property taxes	0,741
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	
Bonds Issued	(3,105,567)
Principal paid on bonds	845,000
, map at para an admiss	
	(2,260,567)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Accrued interest	(62,681)
Compensated absences	(45,585)
Retirement incentives and other pension obligations	66,405
Claims payable	220,973
Pension obligations	125,308
Other post employment benefit obligations	7,318,189
Carlor poor omproyment boriont obligations	
	7,622,609
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 7,223,245

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General, Highway and Special Districts Funds Year Ended December 31, 2018

No.		General Fund							
Real property taxes			-		Final			Fi	nal Budget Positive
Other tax items 401,245 401,245 511,544 110,299 Non-property taxes 2,185,000 2,775,757 112,579 Departmental income 1,575,860 1,575,860 1,575,860 1,667,444 91,584 Intergovernmental charges 33,800 33,800 42,256 8,456 Use of money and property 103,480 103,480 137,274 33,794 Licenses and permits 15,685 15,685 18,485 2,660 Fines and forfeitures 230,000 230,000 201,990 (28,010) Sate of property and compensation for loss 737,000 737,000 610,695 (126,305) State aid 737,000 737,000 610,695 (126,305) 136,800 Miscellaneous 28,600 28,600 28,768 168 EXPENDITURES Current 3,351,581 8,351,581 8,397,683 46,102 EXPENDITURES Current 2,324,880 2,301,863 2,301,863 - Public s									
Non-properly taxes	Real property taxes	\$	3,060,911	\$	3,060,911	\$	2,901,788	\$	
Departmental income	Other tax items		401,245		401,245		511,544		110,299
Intergovernmental charges 33,800 33,800 42,256 8,456 Use of money and property 103,480 103,480 137,274 33,794 23,7900 230,000 201,990 (28,010) 28,600 property and compensation for loss 230,000 230,000 201,990 (28,010) 28,600 201,990 (28,010) 28,600 28,768 168 28,600 28,600 28,768 168 28,600 28,600 28,768 168 28,600 28,600 28,768 168 28,600 28,600 28,768 168 28,600 28,600 28,768 168 28,600 28,600 28,768 168 28,600 28,600 28,768 168 28,600 28,600 28,600 28,600 28,600 28,768 168 28,600 28,6	Non-property taxes		2,165,000		2,165,000		2,277,579		112,579
Use of money and property	Departmental income		1,575,860		1,575,860		1,667,444		91,584
Licenses and permits	Intergovernmental charges		33,800		33,800		42,256		8,456
Fines and forfeitures 230,000 230,000 201,990 (28,010) Sale of property and compensation for loss - - - - -	Use of money and property		103,480		103,480		137,274		33,794
Fines and forfeitures 230,000 230,000 201,990 (28,010) Sale of property and compensation for loss - - - - -	The state of the s		15,685		15,685		18,345		2,660
Sale of property and compensation for loss State aid 737,000 737,000 610,695 (126,305) Miscellaneous 28,600 28,600 28,768 168 Total Revenues 8,351,581 8,351,581 8,397,683 46,102 EXPENDITURES Current General government support 2,324,880 2,301,863 2,301,863 - Public safety 968,608 962,769 1,051,803 (89,034) Health 228,628 228,649 2.86,49 - Transportation 149,281 146,613 149,613 - Culture and recreation 1,931,473 1,949,587 1,949,587 - Home and community services 171,337 169,449 169,449 - Employee benefits 2,056,624 2,069,902 2,512,040 (442,138) Debt service Interest 7,607 7,606 7,606 - Interest 7,838,438 7,838,438 8,369,610 (531,172) Excess of R	·		•		•				
State aid Miscellaneous 737,000 28,600 737,000 28,600 610,695 28,768 (126,305) 168 Total Revenues 8,351,581 8,351,581 8,397,683 46,102 EXPENDITURES Current General government support 2,324,880 2,301,863 2,301,863 - Public safety 968,608 962,769 1,051,803 (89,034) Health 228,628 228,649 - Transportation 149,281 148,613 148,613 - Culture and recreation 1,931,473 1,949,587 1,949,587 - Home and community services 171,337 169,449 169,449 - Employee benefits 2,056,624 2,069,902 2,512,040 (442,138) Debt service Interest 7,607 7,606 7,606 - Total Expenditures 7,838,438 7,838,438 8,369,610 (531,172) Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures 513,143 513,143 28,073 (485,070) OTHER FINANCING USES 7 <td>Sale of property and compensation for loss</td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td>· -</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td>	Sale of property and compensation for loss		•		· -				-
Miscellaneous 28,600 28,000 28,768 168 Total Revenues 8,351,581 8,351,581 8,397,683 46,102 EXPENDITURES Current 2,324,880 2,301,863 2,301,863 - General government support 2,324,880 962,769 1,051,803 (89,034) Health 228,628 228,649 228,649 - Public safety 968,608 962,769 1,051,803 (89,034) Health 228,628 228,649 228,649 - Transportation 149,281 148,613 148,613 - Culture and recreation 1,931,473 1,949,587 - Home and community services 171,337 169,449 169,449 - Employee benefits 2,056,624 2,069,902 2,512,040 (442,138) Debt service 7,607 7,606 7,606 - Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures 513,143 513,143 28,073 (485,070) OTHER FINANCING	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		737.000		737.000		610.695		(126,305)
EXPENDITURES Current General government support 2,324,880 2,301,863 2,301,863 - Public safety 968,608 962,769 1,051,803 (89,034) Health 228,628 228,649 228,649 - Transportation 149,281 148,613 148,613 - Culture and recreation 1,931,473 1,949,587 1,949,587 - Home and community services 171,337 169,449 169,449 - Employee benefits 2,056,624 2,069,902 2,512,040 (442,138) Debt service Interest 7,607 7,606 7,606 - Total Expenditures 7,838,438 7,838,438 8,369,610 (531,172) Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures 513,143 513,143 28,073 (485,070) OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out (513,143) (513,143) (513,143) - Net Change in Fund Balances - (485,070) (485,070) FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Beginning of Year 1,194,987 1,194,987	Miscellaneous		•		•		•		•
Current General government support 2,324,880 2,301,863 2,301,863 - Public safety 968,608 962,769 1,051,803 (89,034) Health 228,628 228,649 228,649 - Transportation 149,281 148,613 148,613 - Culture and recreation 1,931,473 1,949,587 1,949,587 - Home and community services 171,337 169,449 169,449 - Employee benefits 2,056,624 2,069,902 2,512,040 (442,138) Debt service 7,607 7,606 7,606 - Interest 7,838,438 7,838,438 8,369,610 (531,172) Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures 513,143 513,143 28,073 (485,070) OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out (513,143) (513,143) (513,143) - Net Change in Fund Balances - - (485,070) (485,070) FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Beginning of Year - - 1,194,987 1,194,987	Total Revenues		8,351,581		8,351,581		8,397,683		46,102
General government support 2,324,880 2,301,863 2,301,863 - Public safety 968,608 962,769 1,051,803 (89,034) Health 228,628 228,649 228,649 - Transportation 149,281 148,613 148,613 - Culture and recreation 1,931,473 1,949,587 1,949,587 - Home and community services 171,337 169,449 169,449 - Employee benefits 2,056,624 2,069,902 2,512,040 (442,138) Debt service Interest 7,607 7,606 7,606 - Interest 7,838,438 7,838,438 8,369,610 (531,172) Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures 513,143 513,143 28,073 (485,070) OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out (513,143) (513,143) (513,143) - - Net Change in Fund Balances - - - (485,070) (485,070) FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) B	EXPENDITURES								
Public safety 968,608 962,769 1,051,803 (89,034) Health 228,628 228,649 228,649 - Transportation 149,281 148,613 148,613 - Culture and recreation 1,931,473 1,949,587 1,949,587 - Home and community services 171,337 169,449 169,449 - Employee benefits 2,056,624 2,069,902 2,512,040 (442,138) Debt service Interest 7,607 7,606 7,606 - Total Expenditures 7,838,438 7,838,438 8,369,610 (531,172) Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures 513,143 513,143 28,073 (485,070) OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out (513,143) (513,143) (513,143) - - Net Change in Fund Balances - - (485,070) (485,070) FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Beginning of Year - - 1,194,987 1,194,987	Current								
Public safety 968,608 962,769 1,051,803 (89,034) Health 228,628 228,649 228,649 - Transportation 149,281 148,613 148,613 - Culture and recreation 1,931,473 1,949,587 1,949,587 - Home and community services 171,337 169,449 169,449 - Employee benefits 2,056,624 2,069,902 2,512,040 (442,138) Debt service Interest 7,607 7,606 7,606 - Total Expenditures 7,838,438 7,838,438 8,369,610 (531,172) Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures 513,143 513,143 28,073 (485,070) OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out (513,143) (513,143) (513,143) - - Net Change in Fund Balances - - (485,070) (485,070) FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Beginning of Year - - 1,194,987 1,194,987	General government support		2.324.880		2.301.863		2,301,863		-
Health	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								(89.034)
Transportation 149,281 148,613 148,613 - Culture and recreation 1,931,473 1,949,587 1,949,587 - Home and community services 171,337 169,449 169,449 - Employee benefits 2,056,624 2,069,902 2,512,040 (442,138) Debt service Interest 7,607 7,606 7,606 - Total Expenditures 7,838,438 7,838,438 8,369,610 (531,172) Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures 513,143 513,143 28,073 (485,070) OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out (513,143) (513,143) (513,143) - Net Change in Fund Balances - - (485,070) (485,070) FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Beginning of Year - - 1,194,987 1,194,987			·		•				-
Culture and recreation 1,931,473 1,949,587 1,949,587 - Home and community services 171,337 169,449 169,449 - Employee benefits 2,056,624 2,069,902 2,512,040 (442,138) Debt service - 7,607 7,606 7,606 - Interest 7,838,438 7,838,438 8,369,610 (531,172) Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures 513,143 513,143 28,073 (485,070) OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out (513,143) (513,143) (513,143) - Net Change in Fund Balances - - (485,070) (485,070) FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Beginning of Year - - 1,194,987 1,194,987					•		•		_
Home and community services 171,337 169,449 169,	·		•		•		-		_
Employee benefits 2,056,624 2,069,902 2,512,040 (442,138) Debt service Interest 7,607 7,606 7,606 - Total Expenditures 7,838,438 7,838,438 8,369,610 (531,172) Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures 513,143 513,143 28,073 (485,070) OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out (513,143) (513,143) (513,143) - Net Change in Fund Balances - - (485,070) (485,070) FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Beginning of Year - - 1,194,987 1,194,987									_
Debt service Interest 7,607 7,606 7,606 - Total Expenditures 7,838,438 7,838,438 8,369,610 (531,172) Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures 513,143 513,143 28,073 (485,070) OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out (513,143) (513,143) (513,143) - Net Change in Fund Balances - - (485,070) (485,070) FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Beginning of Year - - 1,194,987 1,194,987			•		•		•		(442.138)
Interest 7,607 7,606 7,606 - Total Expenditures 7,838,438 7,838,438 8,369,610 (531,172) Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures 513,143 513,143 28,073 (485,070) OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out (513,143) (513,143) (513,143) - Net Change in Fund Balances - - (485,070) (485,070) FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Beginning of Year - - 1,194,987 1,194,987	, •		2,000,02		2,000,002		2,012,010		(1.12,100)
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures 513,143 513,143 28,073 (485,070) OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out (513,143) (513,143) (513,143) - Net Change in Fund Balances - (485,070) (485,070) FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Beginning of Year - 1,194,987 1,194,987			7,607		7,606		7,606		-
Expenditures 513,143 513,143 28,073 (485,070) OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out (513,143) (513,143) (513,143) - Net Change in Fund Balances - - (485,070) (485,070) FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - - 1,194,987 1,194,987	Total Expenditures		7,838,438		7,838,438		8,369,610		(531,172)
Expenditures 513,143 513,143 28,073 (485,070) OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out (513,143) (513,143) (513,143) - Net Change in Fund Balances - - (485,070) (485,070) FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - - 1,194,987 1,194,987	Excess of Revenues Over								
Transfers out (513,143) (513,143) (513,143) - Net Change in Fund Balances - - - (485,070) (485,070) FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Beginning of Year - - - 1,194,987 1,194,987			513,143		513,143		28,073		(485,070)
Transfers out (513,143) (513,143) (513,143) - Net Change in Fund Balances - - - (485,070) (485,070) FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Beginning of Year - - - 1,194,987 1,194,987	OTHER FINANCING USES								
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Beginning of Year - - 1,194,987 1,194,987			(513,143)		(513,143)		(513,143)		<u></u>
Beginning of Year 1,194,987 1,194,987	Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-		(485,070)		(485,070)
End of Year \$ _ \$ _ \$ 709 917 \$ 709 917							1,194,987		1,194,987
<u>Ψ</u> - Ψ - Ψ <u>/00,</u> 21/ Ψ /05,31/	End of Year	\$		\$	-	\$	709,917	\$	709,917

Highway Fund									
-	Original Budget	Final Budget			Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
\$	3,370,112	\$	3,370,112	\$	3,370,112	\$	-		
	-		-		-		-		
	-		-		-		-		
	-		-		-		-		
	-		-		38		38		
	-		-		- -		-		
	-		-		15,153		15,153		
	185,000 -		185,000 -		212,178 -		27,178		
	3,555,112		3,555,112		3,597,481		42,369		
	67,000		68,524 -		68,524 -		- -		
	- 2,136,285		- 2,136,079		- 2,207,410		- (71,331)		
	2,130,203 -		- -		-		(11,551)		
	931,810		930,492		1,068,835		- (138,343)		
	24,480		24,480	*********	24,480				
	3,159,575		3,159,575		3,369,249		(209,674)		
	395,537		395,537		228,232		(167,305)		
	(395,537)		(395,537)		(395,537)		-		
	-		-		(167,305)		(167,305)		
			***		98,853		98,853		
\$	**************************************	\$	-	\$	(68,452)	\$	(68,452)		

(Continued)

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Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Continued) General, Highway and Special Districts Funds Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Special Districts Fund				
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES					
Real property taxes	\$ 698,964	\$ 698,964	\$ 698,964	\$ -	
Other tax items	-	-	-	-	
Non-property taxes	207 500	-	-	- 	
Departmental income	227,580	227,580	281,440	53,860	
Intergovernmental charges	-	-	1 066	1.066	
Use of money and property	-	-	1,066	1,066	
Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	
Sale of property and compensation for loss	-	-	-	_	
State aid	70,000	70,000	140,000	70,000	
Miscellaneous	70,000	70,000	140,000	70,000	
Wiscellaneous					
Total Revenues	996,544	996,544	1,121,470	124,926	
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government support	29,100	29,100	28,755	345	
Public safety	-	-	-	-	
Health	-	-	-	-	
Transportation	12,175	12,175	14,555	(2,380)	
Culture and recreation	-	-	•		
Home and community services	658,438	658,438	596,252	62,186	
Employee benefits	-	-	-	-	
Debt service					
Interest	9,092	9,092	9,092		
Total Expenditures	708,805	708,805	648,654	60,151	
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	287,739	287,739	472,816	185,077	
OTHER FINANCING USES					
Transfers out	(287,739)	(287,739)	(287,739)		
Hallsleis out	(201,139)	(207,739)	(201,139)		
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	185,077	185,077	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)					
Beginning of Year	_	_	498,719	498,719	
Degining of Teal			730,719	400,719	
End of Year	<u>\$</u>	\$	\$ 683,796	\$ 683,796	

The notes to the financial statement are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Fund December 31, 2018

	Agency
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	<u>\$ 424,365</u>
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Employee payroll deductions Deposits	\$ 97,859 1,714 324,792
Total Liabilities	\$ 424,365

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Town of Lewisboro, New York ("Town") was established in 1731 and operates in accordance with Town Law and the various other applicable laws of the State of New York. The Town Board is the legislative body responsible for overall operation. The Town Supervisor serves as the chief executive officer and the Director of Finance serves as the chief financial officer. The Town provides the following services to its residents: public safety, health, transportation, culture and recreation, home and community services and general and administrative support.

The accounting policies of the Town conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units and the Uniform System of Accounts as prescribed by the State of New York. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the Town's more significant accounting policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of a) the primary government, which is the Town, b) organizations for which the Town is financially accountable and c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Town are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete as set forth by GASB.

In evaluating how to define the Town, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the Town's reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth by GASB, including legal standing, fiscal dependency and financial accountability. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no other entities which would be included in the financial statements.

B. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the Town as a whole. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements, except for interfund services provided and used.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the Town at the end of its fiscal year. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods or services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment and (3) interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Taxes and other items not identified as program revenues are reported as general revenues. The Town does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2018

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the Town are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts which comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances, revenues and expenditures. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions. The Town maintains the minimum number of funds consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds as that term is defined in professional pronouncements. Each major fund is to be presented in a separate column, with non-major funds, if any, aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental activities column, a reconciliation is presented on the pages following, which briefly explains the adjustments necessary to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental activities column of the government-wide presentation. The Town's resources are reflected in the fund financial statements in two broad fund categories, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as follows:

Fund Categories

a. <u>Governmental Funds</u> - Governmental Funds are those through which most general government functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The following are the Town's major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund constitutes the primary operating fund of the Town and is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The major special revenue funds of the Town are as follows:

Highway Fund - The Highway Fund is used to account for road and bridge maintenance and improvements as defined in the Highway Law of the State of New York. The major revenues of this fund are real property taxes and state aid.

Special Districts Fund - The Special Districts Fund is provided to account for the operation and maintenance of the Town's sewer, water and lighting districts. The major revenues of this fund are real property taxes and departmental income.

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2018

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The Town also reports the following non-major governmental funds.

Debt Service Fund - The Debt Service Fund is provided to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest and for financial resources that are being accumulated for principal and interest maturing in future years.

Special Purpose Fund – The Special Purpose Fund is used to account for assets held by the Town in accordance with the terms of a trust agreement.

b. <u>Fiduciary Funds</u> (Not Included in Government-Wide Financial Statements) - The Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the Town in an agency capacity on behalf of others. The Agency Fund is used to account for employee payroll tax withholdings and various other deposits that are payable to other jurisdictions or individuals.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources (current assets less current liabilities) or economic resources (all assets and liabilities). The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The Agency Fund has no measurement focus but utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes are considered to be available if collected within sixty days of the fiscal year end. If expenditures are the prime factor in determining eligibility, revenues from Federal and State grants are recognized as revenues when the expenditure is made. A ninety day availability period is generally used for revenue recognition for most other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to retirement incentives and other pension obligations, compensated absences, net pension liability, certain claims and other post employment benefit obligations are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2018

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund Balances

Cash and Equivalents, Investments and Risk Disclosure

Cash and Equivalents - Cash and equivalents consist of funds deposited in demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and short-term investments with original maturities of less than three months from the date of acquisition.

The Town's deposit and investment policies are governed by State statutes. The Town has adopted its own written investment policy which provides for the deposit of funds in FDIC insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. The Town is authorized to use demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit.

Collateral is required for demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit at 100% of all deposits not covered by Federal deposit insurance. The Town has entered into custodial agreements with the various banks which hold their deposits. These agreements authorize the obligations that may be pledged as collateral. Such obligations include, among other instruments, obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipal and school district subdivisions.

Investments - Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its political subdivisions.

The Town follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurements and Application", which defines fair value and establishes a fair value hierarchy organized into three levels based upon the input assumptions used in pricing assets. Level 1 inputs have the highest reliability and are related to assets with unadjusted quoted prices in active markets. Level 2 inputs relate to assets with other than quoted prices in active markets which may include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities or other inputs which can be corroborated by observable market data. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs and are used to the extent that observable inputs do not exist.

Risk Disclosure

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that the government will incur losses in fair value caused by changing interest rates. The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from changing interest rates. Generally, the Town does not invest in any long-term investment obligations.

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be returned to it. GASB Statement No. 40 directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are either uncollateralized, collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution or collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department but not in the Town's name. The Town's aggregate

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2018

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

bank balances that were not covered by depository insurance were not exposed to custodial credit risk at December 31, 2018.

Credit Risk - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty will not fulfill its specific obligation even without the entity's complete failure. The Town does not have a formal credit risk policy other than restrictions to obligations allowable under General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Concentration of Credit Risk - Concentration of credit risk is the risk attributed to the magnitude of a government's investments in a single issuer. The Town's investment policy limits the amount on deposit at each of its banking institutions.

Taxes Receivable - Real property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on real property and are levied on January 1st. The Town collects county, town, highway and special districts taxes which are due April 1st and payable without penalty to April 30th. School districts taxes for the period July 1st to June 30th are levied on July 1st and are due on September 1st with the first half payable without penalty until September 30th and the second half payable without penalty until January 31st. The Town guarantees the full payment of the County of Westchester ("County") and school districts warrants and assumes the responsibility for uncollected taxes. The Town also has the responsibility for conducting in-rem foreclosure proceedings.

The Town functions in both a fiduciary and guarantor relationship with the County of Westchester and the various school districts located within the Town with respect to the collection and payment of real property taxes levied by such jurisdictions. County taxes are included in the Town's levy and are payable without penalty for thirty days. The County Charter provides for the Town to collect County and school districts taxes and remit them as collected to the respective municipality. However, the Town must remit to the County sixty percent of the amount levied by May 25th and the balance of forty percent on October 15th. With respect to school districts taxes, the Charter provides that the Town satisfy the warrant of each school district by April 5th. Thus, the Town's fiduciary responsibility is from the date of the levy until the due date of the respective tax warrant at which time the Town must satisfy its obligation to the municipalities regardless of the amounts collected. The County tax warrant is due in October and uncollected County taxes have been accounted for in a manner similar to Town taxes. The collection of school districts taxes is deemed a financing transaction until the warrants are satisfied.

Other Receivables - Other receivables include amounts due from other governments and individuals for services provided by the Town. Receivables are recorded and revenues recognized as earned or as specific program expenditures/expenses are incurred. Allowances are recorded when appropriate.

Due From/To Other Funds - During the course of its operations, the Town has numerous transactions between funds to finance operations, provide services and construct assets. To the extent that certain transactions between funds had not been paid or received as of December 31, 2018, balances of interfund amounts receivable or payable have been recorded in the fund financial statements.

Inventory - There are no inventory values presented in the balance sheets of the respective funds of the Town. Purchases of inventoriable items at various locations are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase and year-end balances at these locations are not material.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

December 31, 2018

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Prepaid Expenses/Expenditures - Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods, and are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid expenses/expenditures consist of costs which have been satisfied prior to the end of the fiscal year, but represent items which have been provided for in the subsequent year's budget and will benefit such periods. Reported amounts in the governmental funds are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance in the fund financial statements, which indicates that these amounts do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of current assets.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items) are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets, the Town chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date or amount. The Town was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets through back trending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year).

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives is not capitalized.

Land is not depreciated. Property, plant, equipment and infrastructure of the Town are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Class	Life in Years
Land Improvements Buildings and Improvements Machinery and Equipment Infrastructure	20 20-50 5-20 10-50

The costs associated with the acquisition or construction of capital assets are shown as capital outlay expenditures on the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets are not shown on the governmental fund balance sheet.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources - In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
December 31, 2018

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The Town reported deferred inflows of resources of \$218,315 for real property taxes in the General Fund. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources have been reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position for the following:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
New York State Employees' Retirement System New York State Police and Fire Retirement System Other postemployment benefit obligations	\$ 1,252,015 299,705 	\$ 943,353 247,416 3,671,780		
	\$ 1,551,720	\$ 4,862,549		

Long-Term Liabilities - In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expended as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as Capital Projects Fund expenditures.

Compensated Absences - The various collective bargaining agreements provide for the payment of accumulated vacation and sick leave upon separation from service. The liability for such accumulated leave is reflected in the government-wide financial statements as current and long-term liabilities. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured through employee resignation or retirement. The liability for compensated absences includes salary related payments, where applicable.

Net Position - Net position represent the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Town or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position on the Statement of Net Position includes net investment in capital assets and restricted for debt service and special purpose. The balance is classified as unrestricted.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2018

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Balances - Generally, fund balance represents the difference between current assets and deferred outflows at resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Town is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Under this standard the fund balance classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term receivables, advances) or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (the corpus of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance is reported when constraints placed on the use of the resources are imposed by grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through enabling legislation. Enabling legislation includes a legally enforceable requirement that these resources be used only for the specific purposes as provided in the legislation. This fund balance classification is used to report funds that are restricted for debt service obligations and for other items contained in General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Committed fund balance is reported for amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to formal action of the entity's highest level of decision making authority. The Town Board is the highest level of decision making authority for the Town that can, by the adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, these funds may only be used for the purpose specified unless the entity removes or changes the purpose by taking the same action that was used to establish the commitment. This classification includes certain amounts established and approved by the Town Board.

Assigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts constrained either by policies of the Town Board for amounts assigned for balancing the subsequent year's budget or delegated to the Deputy Supervisor for amounts assigned for encumbrances. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily, in that additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. An assignment cannot result in a deficit in the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund. Assigned fund balance in all funds except the General Fund includes all remaining amounts, except for negative balances that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The General Fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in unassigned fund balance. For all governmental funds other than the General Fund, unassigned fund balance would necessarily be negative, since the fund's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, together with amounts already classified as nonspendable, restricted and committed would exceed the fund's assets and deferred outflows of resources.

In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted and unrestricted fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. When both restricted and

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2018

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the Town's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the Town's policy to use fund balance in the following order: committed, assigned, and unassigned.

F. Encumbrances

In governmental funds, encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is generally employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General, Highway and Special Districts funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are generally reported as assigned fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

H. Subsequent Events Evaluation by Management

Management has evaluated subsequent events for disclosure and/or recognition in the financial statements through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, which date is July 8, 2019.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Budgetary Data

The Town generally follows the procedures enumerated below in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a) Prior to October 20th, the head of each administrative unit shall submit to the budget officer an estimate of revenues and expenditures for such administrative unit for the ensuing year.
- b) The budget officer, upon completion of the review of the estimates, shall prepare a tentative budget and file such budget in the office of the Town Clerk on or before October 30th.
- c) On or before November 10th, the Town Clerk shall present the tentative budget to the Town Board.
- d) The Town Board shall review the tentative budget and may make such changes, alterations and revisions as it shall consider advisable and which are consistent with law. Upon completion of such review, the tentative budget and any modifications as approved by the Town Board shall become the preliminary budget.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2018

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

- e) On or before December 10th, the Town Board shall hold a public hearing on the preliminary budget.
- f) After the public hearing, the Town Board may further change, alter and revise the preliminary budget subject to provisions of the law.
- g) The preliminary budget as submitted or amended shall be adopted by resolution no later than December 20th.
- h) Formal budgetary integration is employed during the year as a management control device for General, Highway, Special Districts and Debt Service funds.
- i) Budgets for General, Highway, Special Districts and Debt Service funds are legally adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The Capital Projects Fund is budgeted on a project basis. The Town Board does not adopt an annual budget for the Special Purpose Fund.
- j) The Town Board has established legal control of the budget at the function level of expenditures. Transfers between appropriation accounts, at the function level, require approval by the Board. Any modification to appropriations resulting from an increase in revenue estimates or supplemental reserve appropriations also require a majority vote by the Board.
- k) Appropriations in the General, Highway, Special Districts and Debt Service funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year, except that outstanding encumbrances are reappropriated in the succeeding year pursuant to the Uniform System of Accounts promulgated by the Office of the State Comptroller.

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Town Board.

B. Property Tax Limitation

The Town is not limited as to the maximum amount of real property taxes which may be raised. However, on June 24, 2011, the Governor signed Chapter 97 of the Laws of 2011 ("Tax Levy Limitation Law"). This law applies to all local governments.

The Tax Levy Limitation Law restricts the amount of real property taxes that may be levied by a Town in a particular year. The original legislation that established the Tax Levy Limitation Law was set to expire on June 16, 2016. Chapter 20 of the Laws of 2015 extends the Tax Levy Limitation Law through June 2020.

The following is a brief summary of certain relevant provisions of the Tax Levy Limitation Law. The summary is not complete and the full text of the Tax Levy Limitation Law should be read in order to understand the details and implementations thereof.

The Tax Levy Limitation Law imposes a limitation on increases in the real property tax levy, subject to certain exceptions. The Tax Levy Limitation Law permits the Town to increase its overall real property tax levy over the tax levy of the prior year by no more than the "Allowable Levy Growth Factor," which is the lesser of one and two-one hundredths or the sum of one plus

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2018

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

the Inflation Factor; provided, however that in no case shall the levy growth factor be less than one. The "Inflation Factor" is the quotient of: (i) the average of the 20 National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States Department of Labor for the twelve-month period ending six months prior to the start of the coming fiscal year minus the average of the National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States Department of Labor for the twelvemonth period ending six months prior to the start of the prior fiscal year, divided by (ii) the average of the National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States with the result expressed as a decimal to four places. The Town is required to calculate its tax levy limit for the upcoming year in accordance with the provision above and provide all relevant information to the New York State Comptroller prior to adopting its budget. The Tax Levy Limitation Law sets forth certain exclusions to the real property tax levy limitation of the Town, including exclusions for certain portions of the expenditures for retirement system contributions and tort judgments payable by the Town. The Town Council may adopt a budget that exceeds the tax levy limit for the coming fiscal year, only if the Town Council first enacts, by a vote of at least sixty percent of the total voting power of the Town Council, a local law to override such limit for such coming fiscal year.

C. Expenditures in Excess of Budget

The following categories of expenditures exceeded their budgetary provisions by the amounts indicated:

General Fund	
Public Safety – Police	\$ 89,034
Employee Benefits	
Hospitalization, Medical and Dental Insurance	442,138
Highway Fund	
Transportation	71,331
Employee Benefits	138,343
Special Districts Fund	
Transportation	2,380

In addition, the entire General Fund and Highway Fund exceeded their budgetary provisions by \$531,172 and \$209,674 respectively.

D. Fund Deficit

The Highway Fund reflects a deficit of \$68,452 at December 31, 2018. The deficit will be addressed in future periods.

E. Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the Town implemented GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions ("OPEB")". This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for OPEB that is provided to the employees of state and local governments by establishing standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and expenses/expenditures. This statement identifies the methods and assumptions that are required to be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2018

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

actuarial present value and attribute that present value to the periods of employee service. As a result of adopting these standards, the government-wide financial statements reflect a cumulative effect for the change in accounting principle of \$(17,043,492).

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Taxes Receivable

Taxes receivable at December 31, 2018 consisted of the following:

Town and County taxes - Current	\$	114,419
School districts taxes - Current	1	7,389,240
Tax liens		660,372
Property acquired for taxes		363,980
	1	8,528,011
Allowance for uncollectible taxes		(363,980)
	\$ 1	8,164,031

School districts taxes are offset by liabilities to the school districts which will be paid no later than April 5, 2019. Taxes receivable in the fund financial statements are also partially offset by deferred tax revenues of \$218,315, which represents an estimate of the taxes receivable which will not be collected within the first sixty days of the subsequent year. School taxes receivable which is a component of the tax liens are classified as nonspendable in the fund financial statements in the amount of \$315,949, which represents an estimate of school taxes receivable which will not be collected within the subsequent year.

B. Due From/To Other Funds

The balances reflected as due from/to other funds at December 31, 2018 were as follows:

Fund	 Due From	Due To			
General	\$ _	\$	778,832		
Highway	133,910		-		
Special Districts	315,921		219,850		
Capital Projects	485,354		, _		
Non-Major Governmental	 63,497		-		
	\$ 998,682	\$	998,682		

The outstanding balances between funds results mainly from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system and 3) payments between funds are made.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

C. Capital Assets

Changes in the Town's capital assets are as follows:

Class		Balance January 1, 2018	 Additions	Balance December 31, 2018			
Capital Assets, not being depreciated - Land Construction-in-progress		725,000	\$ - 128,544	\$	725,000 128,544		
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated	\$	725,000	\$ 128,544	\$	853,544		
Capital Assets, being depreciated: Land improvements Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure		2,227,152 2,409,474 2,544,500 45,266,528	\$ - 514,145 124,709	\$	2,227,152 2,409,474 3,058,645 45,391,237		
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated		52,447,654	 638,854		53,086,508		
Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Land improvements Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure		1,292,713 1,642,530 2,029,589 35,461,739	 61,609 46,767 124,257 788,629		1,354,322 1,689,297 2,153,846 36,250,368		
Total Accumulated Depreciation		40,426,571	 1,021,262		41,447,833		
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net		12,021,083	\$ (382,408)	\$	11,638,675		
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net		12,746,083	\$ (253,864)	\$	12,492,219		

Depreciation expense was charged to the Town's functions and programs as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government Support	\$ 64,675
Transportation	231,658
Culture and Recreation	29,139
Home and Community Services	695,790
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 1,021,262

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2018

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

D. Accrued Liabilities

Accrued liabilities at December 31, 2018 were as follows:

	 General Fund		Highway Fund	 Total	
Payroll and Employee Benefits Other	\$ \$ 341,613 25,695		134,250 -	\$ 475,863 25,695	
	\$ 367,308	\$	134,250	\$ 501,558	

E. Short-Term Capital Borrowings

The schedule below details the changes in short-term capital borrowings.

Purpose	Year of Original Issue	al Maturity Interest January 1,		January 1,	_R	edemptions	Balance cember 31, 2018	
Various Capital Projects	2003	04/19/19	2.20 %	\$	612,000	\$	12,000	\$ 600,000
Various Capital Projects	2011				339,000		339,000	-
Various Capital Projects	2014				349,206		349,206	-
Various Capital Projects	2015				569,700		569,700	_
Various Capital Projects	2016				595,000		595,000	-
Various Capital Projects	2017				581,000		581,000	 -
				\$	3,045,906	<u>\$</u>	2,445,906	\$ 600,000

Liabilities for bond anticipation notes are generally accounted for in the Capital Projects Fund. Bond anticipation notes issued for judgments or settled claims are recorded in the fund paying the claim. Principal payments on bond anticipation notes must be made annually. State law requires that bond anticipation notes issued for capital purposes or judgments be converted to long-term obligations generally within five years after the original issue date. However, bond anticipation notes issued for assessable improvement projects may be renewed for periods equivalent to the maximum life of the permanent financing, provided that stipulated annual reductions of principal are made.

Interest expenditures/expense of \$41,178 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the funds identified below and in the government-wide financial statements for governmental activities.

Fund	 Amount
General	\$ 7,606
Highway	24,480
Special Districts	9,092
	\$ 41,178

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2018

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

F. Long-Term Liabilities

The following table summarizes changes in the Town's long-term indebtedness for the year ended December 31, 2018:

	Balance as Reported January 1, 2018	_	Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle*	Effect of Balan Change in as Res ccounting Janua		Balance as Restated January 1, New Issues/ 2018 Additions		Maturities and/or Payments		Balance December 31, 2018		Due Within One Year	
Bonds Payable	\$ 9,110,000	\$	-	\$	9,110,000	\$	3,105,567	\$	845,000	\$	11,370,567	\$	1,010,567
Retirement Incentives and Other Pension Obligations	606.182				606,182				66.405		539.777		68,639
Compensated Absences	622.568		_		622.568		107.885		62,300		668,153		67,000
Net Pension Liability	1,100,055		-		1.100.055		-		700.625		399,430		-
Claims Payable	220,973		_		220,973		-		220,973		-		_
Other Post Employment	,				,,				,				
Benefit Obligations	 14,783,963	_	17,043,492		31,827,455		(10,313,815)		676,154	_	20,837,486		
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 26,443,741	\$	17,043,492	\$	43,487,233	\$	(7,100,363)	\$	2,571,457	\$	33,815,413	\$	1,146,206

^{*}See Note 2E.

Each governmental fund's liability for bonds is liquidated by the Debt Service Fund. The liability for retirement incentives and other pension obligations, compensated absences, net pension liability, claims payable and other post employment benefit obligations is liquidated by the General, Highway and Special Districts funds.

Bonds Payable

Bonds payable at December 31, 2018 are comprised of the following individual issues:

Purpose	Year of Issue	 Original Issue Amount	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	Amount Outstanding at December 31, 2018			
Public Improvements - Open Space and Pool	2006	\$ 2,758,000	June, 2021	4.000 - 4.500 %	\$	695,000		
Public Improvements - Road Resurfacing	2008	3,085,000	June, 2022	4.000 - 5.000		1,065,000		
Land Acquisition - Bell Property	2009	2,160,000	June, 2029	1.500 - 4.000		1,390,000		
EFC - Oakridge Sewer District	2010	5,925,822	October, 2039	2.796 - 4.603		4,405,000		
Public Improvements - Various	2014	1,125,900	April, 2024	1.500 - 2.500		710,000		
Public Improvements - Various	2018	3,105,567	March, 2032	3.000		3,105,567		
					\$	11,370,567		

Interest expenditures of \$246,080 were recorded in the Debt Service Fund. Interest expense of \$308,761 was recorded in the government-wide financial statements for governmental activities.

Retirement Incentives and Other Pension Obligations

The State Legislature enacted Chapter 57 of the Laws of 2010. This chapter authorized local governments, at their option, to amortize a portion of their respective ERS and PFRS contributions beginning in 2010. The maximum amortization amount each year going forward will be determined by the difference between each employer's effective contribution rate as compared to the System's

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
December 31, 2018

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

overall graded rate. The amortized amounts are to be paid in equal annual installments over a ten year period, although amounts may be prepaid at any time. Interest will be charged at rates which approximate a market rate of return on taxable fixed rate securities of a comparable duration and will be adjusted annually. The Town has elected to amortize the maximum allowable ERS and PFRS contributions for fiscal years 2012 through 2017 as noted in the table below. In the current year \$87,325, including interest of \$20,563, was paid for these obligations. The balance due at December 31, 2018 was \$539,777.

The current year payments were charged to General Fund retirement expenditures.

	 Original Amount Amortized	Current Year Payments		Balance Due	 ue Within Ine Year
2012 ERS	\$ 150,015	\$ 17,651	\$	65,371	\$ 15,625
2012 PFRS	24,831	2,922		10,820	2,586
2013 ERS	226,339	23,892		144,017	18,367
2013 PFRS	11,821	1,247		7,521	959
2014 ERS	193,117	20,069		137,374	15,177
2015 ERS	129,790	13,335		101,932	9,908
2016 PFRS	42,114	4,151		35,974	3,192
2017 ERS	 39,503	 4,058		36,768	 2,825
	\$ 817,530	\$ 87,325	\$	539,777	\$ 68,639

Payments to Maturity

The annual requirements to amortize all bonded debt and retirement incentives and other pension obligations outstanding as of December 31, 2018 including interest payments of \$2,442,791 are as follows:

					R	Retirement I	ncen	tives and				
Year Ending		Bonds	able	_0	Other Pension Obligations				Totals			
December 31,	. —	Principal		Interest	. <u> </u>	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2019	\$	1,010,567	\$	347,257	\$	68,639	\$	18,329	\$	1,079,206	\$	365,586
2020		1,085,000		276,595		70,951		16,019		1,155,951		292,614
2021		1,110,000		241,438		73,335		13,631		1,183,335		255,069
2022		915,000		209,824		75,806		11,161		990,806		220,985
2023		645,000		187,567		57,861		8,609		702,861		196,176
2024-2028		2,940,000		686,040		189,272		14,759		3,129,272		700,799
2029-2033		2,280,000		298,744		3,913		130		2,283,913		298,874
2034-2038		1,145,000		107,16 4		-		-		1,145,000		107,164
2039		240,000		5,524						240,000	_	5,524
	\$	11,370,567	\$	2,360,153	\$	539,777	\$	82,638	\$	11,910,344	\$	2,442,791

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2018

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The above general obligation bonds and retirement incentives and other pension obligations are direct obligations of the Town for which its full faith and credit are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on all taxable real property within the Town.

Compensated Absences

Pursuant to the Town's collective bargaining agreements, when an employee separates from service in good standing and has given at least two weeks' notice, the employee or beneficiary will be compensated for their accumulated sick leave. The employee shall be paid for up to 45 days at the current salary rate. For each day in excess of 45 days, the employee shall be paid one half the current salary rate. Fulltime employees who are not members of collective bargaining agreements hired after January 1, 2009, who separate from service in good standing and provided at least two weeks' notice, will receive accumulated sick leave for up to, but not to exceed 45 days at the current salary rate. Employees are allowed to carry a maximum of five vacation days from a given calendar year into the following calendar year except for those employees who are members of the Municipal Workers Association. Upon separation from service in good standing the employee shall be paid at the current salary rate.

Pension Plans

New York State and Local Retirement System

The Town participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("ERS") and the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System ("PFRS") which are collectively referred to as the New York State and Local Retirement System ("System"). These are cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans. The System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund ("Fund"), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. The Comptroller is an elected official determined in a direct statewide election and serves a four year term. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law ("NYSRSSL"). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The Town also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan, which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information provided with regard to benefits mav be found www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

The System is noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3% of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010, who generally contribute between 3% and 6% of their salary for their entire length of service. Under the authority of the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2018

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

on salaries paid during the System's fiscal year ending March 31. The employer contribution rates for the plan's year ending in 2018 are as follows:

	Tier/Plan	Rate
ERS	1 751	21.5 %
	2 751	19.5
	4 A15	15.8
	5 A15	13.0
	6 A15	9.2
PFRS	2 2755	157 0/
rrno	2 375E	15.7 %
	2 384D	24.6
	6 384D *	14.8

^{*} Indicates employees are required to make a contribution for this PFRS tier/plan.

At December 31, 2018, the Town reported the following for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for ERS and PFRS:

		ERS	PFRS			
Measurement date	Ма	rch 31, 2018	Ma	rch 31, 2018		
Net pension liability Town's proportion of the	\$	286,551	\$	112,879		
net pension liability		0.0088786%		0.1116780%		
Change in proportion since the prior measurement date		0.0001205%		(0.022026)%		

The net pension liability was measured as of March 31, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a computation of the actuarially determined indexed present value of future compensation by employer relative to the total of all participating members.

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the Town recognized pension expense in the government-wide financial statements of \$388,753 for ERS and \$100,037 for PFRS. Pension expenditures inclusive of retirement incentives and other pension obligations of \$519,130 for ERS and \$94,968 for PFRS were recorded in the fund financial statements and were charged to the following funds:

Fund		ERS	PFRS			
General Highway	•	343,880 175,250	\$	94,968		
Total	\$	519,130	\$	94,968		

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2018

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

At December 31, 2018, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	ERS PFRS				Total							
	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual	\$	102,203 190,007	\$	84,457 -	\$	46,460 85,526	\$	29,995	\$	148,663 275,533	\$	114,452 -
earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between Town contributions and proportionate		416,192		821,522		91,362		183,999		507,554		1,005,521
share of contributions Town contributions subsequent to the		141,842		37,374		6,111		33,422		147,953		70,796
measurement date		401,771				70,246		-		472,017	_	
	\$	1,252,015	\$	943,353	\$	299,705	\$	247,416	\$	1,551,720	\$	1,190,769

\$401,771 and \$70,246 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ERS and PFRS, respectively, resulting from the Town's accrued contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the plan's year ended March 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to ERS and PFRS will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended March 31,	ERS	 PFRS
2019	\$ 98,468	\$ 15,304
2020	75,790	12,724
2021	(188,128)	(27, 325)
2022	(79,239)	(19,640)
2023	-	980

The total pension liability for the ERS and PFRS measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation date as noted below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liabilities to that measurement date. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were as follows:

	ERS	PFRS
Measurement date	M arch 31, 2018	March 31, 2018
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2017	April 1, 2017
Investment rate of return	7.0% *	7.0% *
Salary scale	3.8%	4.5%
Inflation rate	2.5%	2.5%
Cost of living adjustments	1.3%	1.3%

^{*}Compounded annually, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation.

Annuitant mortality rates are based on the System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2014.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2018

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2010 - March 31, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized below.

Asset Type	Target _Allocation_	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity International Equity	36 % 14	4.55 % 6.35
Private Equity	10	7.50
Real Estate	10	5.55
Absolute Return Strategies	2	3.75
Opportunistic Portfolio	3	5.68
Real Assets	3	5.29
Bonds and Mortgages	17	1.31
Cash	1	(0.25)
Inflation Indexed Bonds	4	1.25
	100 %	

The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.5%.

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based upon those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.0%, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.0%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.0%) than the current rate:

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2018

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

		1% Decrease (6.0%)	Current ssumption (7.0%)	1% Increase (8.0%)
Town's proportionate share of the ERS net pension liability (asset)	\$	2,168,121	\$ 286,551	\$ (1,305,182)
Town's proportionate share of the PFRS net pension liability (asset)	<u>\$</u>	552,912	\$ 112,879	\$ (256,206)

The components of the collective net pension liability as of the March 31, 2018 measurement date were as follows:

	 ERS	 PFRS		Total
Total pension liability Fiduciary net position	\$ 183,400,590,000 180,173,145,000	\$ 32,914,423,000 31,903,666,000	\$	216,315,013,000 212,076,811,000
Employers' net pension liability	\$ 3,227,445,000	\$ 1,010,757,000	\$	4,238,202,000
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	 98.24%	96.93%	****	98.04%

Employer contributions to ERS and PFRS are paid annually and cover the period through the end of the System's fiscal year, which is March 31st. Retirement contributions as of December 31, 2018 represent the employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2018 through December 31, 2018 based on prior year ERS and PFRS wages multiplied by the employers' contribution rate, by tier. Retirement contributions to ERS and PFRS for the nine months ended December 31, 2018 were \$401,771 and \$70,246, respectively.

Voluntary Defined Contribution Plan

The Town can offer a defined contribution plan to all non-union employees hired on or after July 1, 2013 and earning at the annual full-time salary rate of \$75,000 or more. The employee contribution is between 3% and 6% depending on salary and the Town will contribute 8%. Employer contributions vest after 366 days of service. No current employees participated in this program.

Claims Payable

Health benefit liabilities are based upon estimates of the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported, but not settled, and of claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNR's). The length of time for which such costs must be estimated varies depending on the coverage involved. Because actual claim costs depend on such complex factors as inflation and changes in doctrines of legal liability, the process used in computing claim liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Claim liabilities are recomputed periodically using a variety of actuarial and statistical techniques to produce current estimates that reflect recent settlements, claim frequency and other economic and social factors. A provision for inflation in the calculation of estimated future claim costs is implicit in the calculation because reliance is placed both on actual historical data that reflects past inflation and other factors that are considered to be appropriate modifiers of past experience. Effective January 1, 2019 the Town

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2018

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

withdrew from the Municipal Employee Benefits Consortium and joined the New York State Health Insurance Program.

An analysis of the activity of unpaid claim liabilities is as follows:

	 2018	2017			
Balance - Beginning of Year	\$ 220,973	\$	221,475		
Provision for Claims and Claims Adjustment Expenses	2,043,508		1,810,835		
Claims and Claims Adjustment Expenses Paid	 (2,264,481)		(1,811,337)		
Balance - End of Year	\$ 	\$	220,973		

Other Post Employment Benefit Obligations ("OPEB")

In addition to providing pension benefits, the Town provides certain health care benefits for retired employees through a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The various collective bargaining agreements stipulate the employees covered and the percentage of contribution. Contributions by the Town may vary according to length of service. The cost of providing post employment health care benefits is shared between the Town and the retired employee as noted below. Substantially all of the Town's employees may become eligible for those benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the Town. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions", so the net OPEB liability is equal to the total OPEB liability. Separate financial statements are not issued for the plan.

At December 31, 2018, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees currently receiving benefit payments	69
Active employees	41
	110

The Town's total OPEB liability of \$20,837,486 was measured as of December 31, 2018, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2017.

The total OPEB liability in the January 1, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Salary increases Discount rate	3.0%, average, including inflation 3.71%
Healthcare cost trend rates	5.0% for 2019, decreasing 0.25% per year to an ultimate rate of 4.25% for 2022 and decreasing to
	3.784% for 2075 and later years
Retirees' share of benefit-related costs	Varies from 0% to 100%, depending on applicable retirement year and bargaining unit

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The discount rate was based on the Fidelity General Obligation 20-Year AA Municipal Bond Index.

Mortality rates were based on the sex-distinct RP-2014 Tables for employees and healthy annuitants, adjusted backward to 2006 with scale MP-2014, and then adjusted for mortality improvements with scale MP-2018 mortality improvement scale on a generational basis in order to reflect the most recent experience available.

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2017 valuation were based on the most recent decrement tables for turnover, disability and retirement for ERS and TRS. ERS and TRS tables were based on a version released in 2015.

The Town's change in the total OPEB liability for the year ended December 31, 2018 is as follows:

Total OPEB Liability - Beginning of Year	\$ 31,827,455
Service cost	946,168
Interest	1,073,616
Changes of benefit terms	(7,693,754)
Differences between expected and actual experience	-
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	(4,639,845)
Benefit payments	 (676,154)
Total OPEB Liability - End of Year	\$ 20,837,486

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.71%) or 1 percentage point higher (4.71%) than the current discount rate:

1%			Current	1%		
Decrease		Assumption			Increase	
(2.71%)		(3.71%)		(4.71%)		
\$	24,308,488	\$	20,837,486	\$	18,055,477	
	\$	Decrease (2.71%)	Decrease (2.71%) \$ 24,308,488 \$	Decrease Assumption (2.71%) (3.71%) \$ 24,308,488 \$ 20,837,486	Decrease Assumption (2.71%) (3.71%) \$ 24,308,488 \$ 20,837,486 \$	

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (4.0% decreasing to 2.784%) or 1 percentage point higher (6.0% decreasing to 4.784%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

				Healthcare			
	1%			Cost Trend	1%		
	Decrease			Rates	Increase (6.0% decreasing		
	(4.0% decreasing to 2.784%)		(5.0% decreasing to 3.784%)				
					to 4.784%)		
Total OPEB Liability	\$	17,637,791	\$	20,837,486	\$	25,255,521	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

December 31, 2018

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$(6,642,035) in the government-wide financial statements. At December 31, 2018, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Outflo	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-		3,671,780	
	\$	-	\$	3,671,780	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended	
December 31,	
2019	\$ (968,065)
2020	(968,065)
2021	(675,420)
2022	(472,895)
2023	(472,895)
Thereafter	(114,440)

G. Revenues and Expenditures

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers are defined as the flow of assets, such as cash or goods and services, without the equivalent flow of assets in return. The interfund transfers reflected below have been reflected as transfers:

_	Transfers In					
	Capital Non-Ma		Non-Major			
		Projects		overnmental		
Transfers Out	Fund		Funds		Total	
General Fund	\$	12,419	\$	500,724	\$	513,143
Highway Fund		77,920		317,617		395,537
Special Districts Fund		15,000		272,739		287,739
	\$	105,339	\$	1,091,080	\$	1,196,419

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
December 31, 2018

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Transfers are used to 1) move amounts earmarked in the operating funds to fulfill commitments for Capital Projects Fund expenditures and 2) move amounts to the Debt Service Fund from the operating funds as debt service principal and interest payments become due.

H. Net Position

The components of net position are detailed below:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - the component of net position that reports the difference between capital assets less both the accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding unexpended proceeds, that is directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted for Debt Service – the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities with constraints placed on their use by the Local Finance Law of the State of New York.

Restricted for Special Purpose - the component of net position that has been established to set aside funds in accordance with the terms of the trust for park improvements.

Unrestricted - all other net amounts that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

December 31, 2018

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

I. Fund Balances

				2018						2017		
	General Fund	Highway Fund	Special Districts Funds	Capital Projects Fund	Non-Ma j or Governmental	Total	General Fund	Highway Fund	Special Districts Funds	Capital Projects Fund	Non-Major Governmental	Total
Nonspendable: Prepaid expenditures Long-term receivables	\$ - 315,949	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ - 	\$ - 315,949	\$ 101,080 417,899	\$ 41,000 -	\$ - 	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ 142,080 417,899
Total Nonspendable	315,949					315,949	518,979	41,000				559,979
Restricted: Debt service Special purpose Capital projects	- - - 		-	- - 339,064_	63,497 64,536	63,497 64,538 339,064	-	- -		- - -	97,919 	97,919
Total Restricted				339,064	128,035	467,099					97,919	97,919
Assigned - Major funds		-	683,796			683,796		57,853	498,719		<u> </u>	556,572
Unassigned Total Fund Balances	393,968 \$ 709,917	(68,452) \$ (68,452)	\$ 683,796	\$ 339,064	\$ 128,035	325,516 \$ 1,792,360	676,008 \$ 1,194,987	\$ 98,853	\$ 498,719	(2,204,444) \$ (2,204,444)	\$ 97,919	(1,528,436) \$ (313,966)

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2018

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Certain elements of fund balance are described above. Those additional elements which are not reflected in the statement of net position but are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet are described below.

Prepaid Expenditures has been established to account for payments made in advance. The amount is classified as nonspendable to indicate that funds are not "available" for appropriation or expenditure even though they are a component of current assets.

Long-Term Receivables have been classified as nonspendable to indicate the long-term nature of taxes receivable collected for other governments. These funds are not "available" for appropriation or expenditure even though they are a component of current assets.

Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted or assigned. Unassigned fund balance in the Highway Fund represents the deficit balance in this fund.

Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

A. Litigation

The Town, in common with other municipalities, receives numerous notices of claims for money damages arising from false arrest, property damage or personal injury. Of the claims currently pending, none are expected to have a material effect on the financial position of the Town if adversely settled.

The Town is also defendant in various claims by taxpayers for redetermination of assessed valuation and special franchises. The settlement of such claims could result in the payment of refunds by the Town. However, the amount of the possible refunds cannot be determined at the present time. Any payments resulting from such claims will be funded in the year the payment is made.

B. Risk Management

The Town purchases various conventional insurance policies to reduce its exposure to loss. The general liability, law enforcement and public official's liability policies maintained provide coverage up to \$1 million per occurrence. The Town also maintains an umbrella liability policy which provides coverage up to \$10 million per occurrence.

Workers' compensation coverage is secured at statutory levels. However, the Town has a secondary disability policy which will pay two-thirds of an employees salary up to \$2,200 for the first week and supplements workers compensation up to two-thirds of salary up to \$2,200 for each week thereafter.

Notes to Financial Statements (Concluded)
December 31, 2018

Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies (Continued)

The Town, along with other municipal entities, participates in the Municipal Employee Benefits Consortium ("MEBCO"). MEBCO is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and health insurance program for its members. MEBCO was formed in April 1988 pursuant to an act of the Board of Legislators of the County of Westchester. This act provided cities, towns and villages throughout Westchester County with an opportunity to participate in a cooperative program for providing health benefits to municipal employees by entering into an intermunicipal agreement pursuant to Article 5-G of the General Municipal Law. The purpose of the pool is to stabilize the cost of medical benefits provided to employees (see unpaid claim liabilities). MEBCO functions primarily as a claims service whereby each participating municipality retains its own risk. MEBCO does not transfer risk since charges to each municipality are ultimately determined by their individual claims/loss experience. Effective January1, 2019 the Town withdrew from the Municipal Employee Benefits Consortium and joined the New York State Health Insurance Program.

C. Contingencies

The Town participates in various Federal grant programs. These programs may be subject to program compliance audits pursuant to the Uniform Grant Guidance. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the Town anticipates such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Note 5 - Subsequent Event

The Town, on April 17, 2019, issued bond anticipation notes in the amount of \$2,053,500. The notes are due on April 17, 2020, with interest at 2.25%. The proceeds were used to redeem \$587,000 of bond anticipation notes outstanding at December 31, 2018 and provide \$1,466,500 of original financing for water facility upgrades, trucks and vehicles, building renovations and road resurfacing.

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Changes in the Town's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)(2)

	2018
Total OPEB Liability: Service cost Interest Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments	\$ 946,168 1,073,616 (7,693,754) - (4,639,845) (676,154)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	(10,989,969)
Total OPEB Liability – Beginning of Year	 31,827,455 (3)
Total OPEB Liability – End of Year	\$ 20,837,486
Town's covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,427,000
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	 470.69%

Notes to Schedule:

- (1) Data not available prior to fiscal year 2018 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions".
- (2) No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of this Statement to pay related benefits.
- (3) Restated for the implementation of the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75.

Changes of benefit terms, assumptions or other inputs

As of December 31, 2018, the discount rate was updated from 3.31% to 3.71%. The change in discount rate resulted in a decrease in liabilities.

As of December 31, 2018, the mortality assumption was revised to the sex-distinct RPH-2014 Mortality Tables for employees and healthy annuitants, adjusted backward to 2006 with Scale MP-2014, and then adjusted for mortality improvements with the Scale MP-2018 mortality improvement scale on a generational basis. The revised assumption resulted in a decrease in liabilities.

As of December 31, 2018, the annual rate of increase in healthcare costs was revised to better reflect future expectations, including updating long-term rates based on the SOA Long Term Healthcare Cost Trends Model v2019_b. A review of published National trend survey data in relation to the retiree health plan offerings and an update to the SOA Long Term healthcare Cost Trends Model (the Getzen model) released in November 2018 was the basis for this change. The revised assumption resulted in a decrease in liabilities.

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

-	2018	2017	2016 (2)	2015
Town's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0088786%	0.0087581%	0.0101169%	0.0105078%
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 286,551	\$ 822,933	\$ 1,623,788	\$ 354,980
Town's covered payroll Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage	\$ 3,127,343	\$ 3,045,638	\$ 2,905,815	\$ 2,869,868
of its covered payroll	9.16%	27.02%	55.88%	12.37%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	98.24%	94.70%	90.70%	97.90%

- Note The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the March 31st measurement date within the current fiscal year.
- (1) Data not available prior to fiscal year 2015 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.*
- (2) The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 7.5% to 7.0% effective with the March 31, 2016 measurement date.

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Contributions New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 429,965	\$ 416,846	\$ 498,131	\$ 489,463
contractually required contribution	(429,965)	(416,846)	(498,131)	(489,463)
Contribution excess	\$	\$ -	\$ -	\$
Town's covered payroll	\$ 3,200,774	\$ 3,082,431	\$ 2,824,545	\$ 3,009,852
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	13.43%	13.52%	17.64%	16.26%

Note - The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the March 31 measurement date within the current fiscal year.

⁽¹⁾ Data not available prior to fiscal year 2015 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*.

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

	2018			2017		2016 (2)	2015		
Town's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0111678%		0.0133704%		0.0147173%		0.01348069		
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	112,879	\$	277,122	\$	435,749	\$	37,107	
Town's covered payroll Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage	\$	478,961	\$	536,289	\$	578,430	\$	538,157	
of its covered payroll		23.57%		51.67%		75.33%		6.90%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		96.93%		93.50%		90.20%		99.00%	

- Note The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the March 31st measurement date within the current fiscal year.
- (1) Data not available prior to fiscal year 2015 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*.
- (2) The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 7.5% to 7.0% effective with the March 31, 2016 measurement date.

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Contributions New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 94,715	\$ 119,722	\$ 113,271	\$ 117,421
contractually required contribution	(94,715)	(119,722)	(113,271)	(117,421)
Contribution excess	\$	\$	\$ -	\$ -
Town's covered payroll	\$ 543,548	\$ 487,536	\$ 545,005	\$ 662,192
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	17.43%	24.56%	20.78%	17.73%

⁽¹⁾ Data not available prior to fiscal year 2015 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.*

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General Fund Comparative Balance Sheet December 31,

		2018		2017
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	<u>\$</u>	10,296,253	\$	15,668,217
Taxes receivable				
Town and County taxes		114,419		86,608
School districts taxes		17,389,240		16,098,575
Tax liens		660,372		721,012
Property acquired for taxes		363,980		321,173
		18,528,011		17,227,368
Allowance for uncollectible taxes		(363,980)		(321,173)
		18,164,031	_	16,906,195
Other receivables				
Accounts		204,747		222,887
Due from other governments	-	512,397		486,426
	·····	717,144		709,313
Prepaid expenditures		-		101,080
Total Assets		29,177,428	\$	33,384,805
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE				
Liabilities	•	004.000	•	70.040
Accounts payable	\$	294,026	\$	79,948
Accrued liabilities		367,308 26,686,169		114,948 31,179,879
Due to school districts Due to other funds		778,832		416,739
Deposits		122,861		188,730
Total Liabilities		28,249,196		31,980,244
, car Elasinas				- 1,000,000
Deferred inflows of resources		040.045		000 574
Deferred tax revenues		218,315		209,574
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	•	28,467,511		32,189,818
Fund balance				
Nonspendable		315,949		518,979
Unassigned		393,968		676,008
Total Fund Balance		709,917	********	1,194,987
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources				
and Fund Balance	\$	29,177,428	\$	33,384,805

Town of Lewisboro, New York

General Fund
Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Years Ended December 31,

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES	e 0.000.044	6 2.000.044	e 2.004.700	e (450.400)	
Real property taxes	\$ 3,060,911	\$ 3,060,911	\$ 2,901,788	\$ (159,123)	
Other tax items	401,245	401,245	511,544	110,299	
Non property taxes	2,165,000	2,165,000	2,277,579	112,579	
Departmental income	1,575,860	1,575,860	1,667,444	91,584	
Intergovernmental charges	33,800	33,800	42,256	8,456	
Use of money and property	103,480	103,480	137,274	33,794	
Licenses and permits	15,685	15,685	18,345	2,660	
Fines and forfeitures	230,000	230,000	201,990	(28,010)	
State aid	737,000	737,000	610,695	(126,305)	
Miscellaneous	28,600	28,600	28,768	<u> 168</u>	
Total Revenues	8,351,581	8,351,581	8,397,683	46,102	
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government support	2,324,880	2,301,863	2,301,863	•	
Public safety	968,608	962,769	1,051,803	(89,034)	
Health	228,628	228,649	228,649	•	
Transportation	149,281	148,613	148,613	-	
Culture and recreation	1,931,473	1,949,587	1,949,587	-	
Home and community services	171,337	169,449	169,449	-	
Employee benefits	2,056,624	2,069,902	2,512,040	(442,138)	
Debt service					
Interest	7,607	7,606	7,606	-	
Total Expenditures	7,838,438	7,838,438	8,369,610	(531,172)	
Excess of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	513,143	513,143	28,073	(485,070)	
OTHER FINANCING USES					
Transfers out	(513,143)	(513,143)	(513,143)	-	
Not Observe in Freed Balance				(405.070)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	(485,070)	(485,070)	
FUND BALANCE			4 404 007	4 404 007	
Beginning of Year	-		1,194,987	1,194,987	
End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 709,917	\$ 709,917	

	2017									
***************************************	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)						
\$	3,089,713 260,000 2,155,000 1,545,500 48,700 92,400 15,200	\$ 3,089,713 260,000 2,155,000 1,545,500 48,700 92,400 15,200	\$ 3,094,798 304,826 2,190,583 1,720,134 34,981 110,944 19,089	\$ 5,085 44,826 35,583 174,634 (13,719) 18,544 3,889						
	230,000 667,000 31,000	230,000 667,000 31,000	231,901 760,784 30,335	1,901 93,784 (665)						
	8,134,513	8,134,513	8,498,375	363,862						
	2,267,696 928,001 224,937 143,547 1,900,319 167,173 1,990,047	2,215,121 978,442 222,961 141,976 1,855,276 199,971 2,007,973	2,215,121 978,442 222,961 141,976 1,855,276 199,970 2,089,645	- - - - 1 (81,672)						
	4,319	4,319	4,319							
	7,626,039 508,474	<u>7,626,039</u> 508,474	7,707,710							
	(508,474)	(508,474)	<u>(508,474)</u> 282,191	282,191						
			912,796	912,796						
<u>\$</u>	_	\$	\$ 1,194,987	\$ 1,194,987						

General Fund Schedule of Revenues Compared to Budget Year Ended December 31, 2018 (With Comparative Actuals for 2017)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	2017 Actual	
REAL PROPERTY TAXES	\$ 3,060,911	\$ 3,060,911	\$ 2,901,788	\$ (159,123)	\$ 3,094,798	
OTHER TAX ITEMS						
Gain on sale of tax acquired property	171,245	171,245	316,572	145,327	119,849	
Interest and penalties on real property taxes	230,000	230,000	194,972	(35,028)	184,977	
	401,245	401,245	511,544	110,299	304,826	
NON-PROPERTY TAXES	401,240	401,243	311,544	110,233	304,020	
Franchise fees	295,000	295,000	290,512	(4,488)	296,975	
Non-property tax distribution from County	1,870,000	1,870,000	1,987,067	117,067	1,893,608	
	2,165,000	2,165,000	2,277,579	112,579	2,190,583	
DEPARTMENTAL INCOME						
Tax collector fees	5,000	5,000	4,619	(381)	5,880	
Town Clerk fees	3,000	3,000	4,413	1,413	3,465	
Police fees	60	60	208	148	72	
Dog shelter redemptions	200	200	70	(130)	67	
Inspection fees	434,900	434,900	498,144	63,244	574,772	
Parking lot fees and on-street parking	4,500	4,500	4,860	360	5,000	
Parks and recreation charges	1,085,000	1,085,000	1,079,161	(5,839)	1,026,135	
Planning board fees	25,000	25,000	44,869	19,869	71,443	
Cemetery fees	18,200	18,200	31,100	12,900	33,300	
	1,575,860	1,575,860	1,667,444	91,584	1,720,134	

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INTERGOVERNMENTAL CHARGES								
Charges for services to other governments		33,800	 33,800		42,256		8,456	 34,981
USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY								
Earnings on investments		20,000	20,000		47,790		27,790	26,031
Rental of real property		83,480	 83,480		89,484		6,004	 84,913
	_,,	103,480	103,480		137,274		33,794	 110,944
LICENSES AND PERMITS								
Dog licenses		12,000	12,000		14,489		2,489	15,294
Other licenses		3,685	 3,685		3,856		171	3,795
		15,685	15,685		18,345		2,660	19,089
FINES AND FORFEITURES								
Fines and forfeited bail		230,000	 230,000		201,990		(28,010)	 231,901
STATE AID								
Mortgage tax		700,000	700,000		573,356		(126,644)	723,445
Per capita		37,000	 37,000		37,339		339	 37,339
		737,000	 737,000		610,695		(126,305)	 760,784
MISCELLANEOUS								
Medicare Part D reimbursement	\$	26,000	\$ 26,000	\$	27,111	\$	1,111	\$ 25,211
Unclassified		2,600	 2,600		1,657		(943)	 5,124
	-	28,600	 28,600		28,768		168	 30,335
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	8,351,581	\$ 8,351,581	\$	8,397,683	\$	46,102	\$ 8,498,375

General Fund
Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Compared to Budget
Year Ended December 31, 2018
(With Comparative Actuals for 2017)

OENEDAL COVEDNMENT GUDDODT		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	2017 Actual	
GENERAL GOVERNMENT SUPPORT Town Board	\$	66,588	œ	69 224	ø	60.004	œ.	\$	64 474
Town Justice	Ф	•	\$	68,324	\$	68,324	\$ -	Ф	61,171
		224,678		228,925		228,925	-		224,658
Supervisor		163,030		166,191		166,191	-		158,354
Finance		136,686		132,452		132,452	-		125,037
Independent audit		35,000		34,075		34,075	-		33,450
Receiver of Taxes		157,046		160,745		160,745	-		154,309
Assessor		118,339		124,528		124,528	-		117,202
Town Clerk		154,805		154,894		154,894	-		146,862
Law		145,000		171,939		171,939	-		151,582
Engineer		57,500		57,500		57,500	-		57,500
Elections		9,648		7,976		7,976	-		7,791
Records management		5,100		3,476		3,476	-		3,562
Shared services		653,210		685,029		685,029	-		680,000
Central printing and mailing		44,300		44,613		44,613	-		41,235
Technical services		85,200		88,731		88,731	-		93,587
Insurance		147,000		146,244		146,244	-		146,390
Municipal association dues		3,250		3,250		3,250	-		2,250
Judgment and claims		7,500		13,296		13,296	-		· -
Contingency		100,000		, -		•	-		_
Metropolitan commuter transportation									
mobility tax		11,000		9,675		9,675			10,181
		2,324,880		2,301,863		2,301,863			2,215,121

PUBLIC SAFETY					
Police	698,308	702,581	791,615	(89,034)	697,394
Control of dogs	3,900	1,393	1,393	-	3,342
Safety inspections	266,400	258,795	258,795	-	277,706
	968,608	962,769	1,051,803	(89,034)	978,442
HEALTH	•				
Registrar of vital statistics	2,200	2,200	2,200	-	2,200
Advanced life support services	220,428	220,428	220,428	-	216,236
Drug abuse prevention council	6,000	6,021	6,021		4,525
	228,628	228,649	228,649		222,961
TRANSPORTATION					
Superintendent of highways	135,281	135,281	135,281	-	129,547
Street lighting	14,000	13,332	13,332		12,429
	149,281	148,613	148,613		141,976
CULTURE AND RECREATION					
Recreation administration	241,615	233,561	233,561	-	225,787
Parks	182,741	188,358	188,358	-	172,485
Playgrounds and day camp	385,470	378,780	378,780	-	387,499
Beach and pool	222,200	220,040	220,040	-	187,951
Tennis facility	29,950	35,886	35,886	-	23,905
Youth programs	227,739	262,298	262,298	-	249,863
Library	406,037	406,037	406,037	-	394,213
Historian	1,250	1,040	1,040	-	1,000
Celebrations	33,900	32,629	32,629	-	34,968
Program for the aging	80,151	83,756	83,756	-	79,107
Adult and family activities	27,300	17,171	17,171	-	23,518
Transportation	93,120	90,031	90,031	-	74,980
	1,931,473	1,949,587	1,949,587		1,855,276

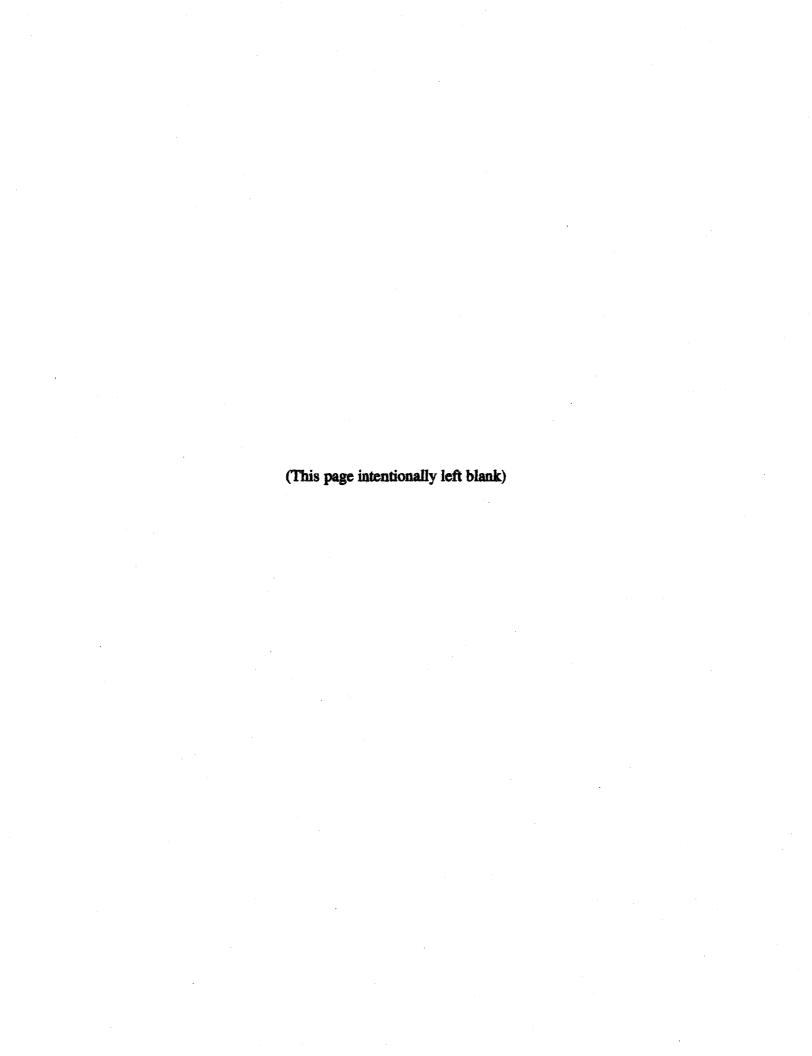
(Continued)

General Fund
Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Compared to Budget (Continued)
Year Ended December 31, 2018
(With Comparative Actuals for 2017)

HOME AND COMMUNITY OF DIVIOES	Original Budget			Final Budget Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		2017 Actual	
HOME AND COMMUNITY SERVICES	\$	E4 007	\$	53,700	\$	F2 700	\$ -	\$	46,167
Planning board Planning consultant	Ф	51,087 57,500	Ф	53,700 57,658	Φ	53,700 57,658	J -	Φ	57,700
Environmental control		28,000		28,000		28,000	<u>-</u>		70,180
Storm water		4,100		8,695		8,695	<u>-</u>		170,100
Recycling		1,800		1,646		1,646	_		1,821
Community beautification		2,000		1,043		1,043	_		973
Cemeteries		26,850		18,707		18,707	_		22,959
		171,337		169,449		169,449			199,970
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS									
State retirement		331,100		343,880		343,880	-		300,710
Police retirement		107,000		94,968		94,968	-		105,312
Social security		252,599		256,616		256,616	-		245,615
Hospitalization, medical and dental insurance		1,173,000		1,173,000		1,615,138	(442,138)		1,264,816
Workers' compensation benefits		80,000		65,687		65,687	-		63,242
Disability		18,500		18,288		18,288	-		18,105
Dental		36,000		43,172		43,172	-		40,885
Medicare		34,000		49,992		49,992	-		32,672
Wellcare benefit		24,425		24,299		24,299			18,288
		2,056,624		2,069,902		2,512,040	(442,138)		2,089,645

DEBT SERVICE

Interest Bond anticipation notes	7,607	7,606	7,606		4,319
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	7,838,438	7,838,438	8,369,610	(531,172)	7,707,710
OTHER FINANCING USES					
Transfers out					
Capital Projects Fund	12,419	12,419	12,419	-	9,018
Debt Service Fund	500,724	500,724	500,724		499,456
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES	513,143	513,143	513,143		508,474
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND OTHER					
FINANCING USES	\$ 8,351,581	\$ 8,351,581	\$ 8,882,753	\$ (531,172)	\$ 8,216,184



Highway Fund Comparative Balance Sheet December 31,

	2018			2017
ASSETS				
Cash and equivalents	\$	13,532	\$	38,470
Due from other funds		133,910		55,208
Prepaid expenditures		-		41,000
Total Assets	\$	147,442	\$	134,678
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	81,644	\$	15,914
Accrued liabilities		134,250		19,911
Total Liabilities		215,894		35,825
Fund balance (deficit)				
Nonspendable		-		41,000
Assigned		-		57,853
Unassigned		(68,452)	***************************************	
Total Fund Balance (Deficit)		(68,452)		98,853
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance (Deficit)	\$	147,442	\$	134,678

Highway Fund
Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Years Ended December 31,

	2018							
		iginal idget		Final Budget		Actual	Fir	nance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES Book proporty toyon	.	270 442	•	2 270 442	•	2 270 442	¢	
Real property taxes Use of money and property Sale of property and	\$ 3,	370,112	\$	3,370,112	\$	3,370,112 38	\$	38
compensation for loss				-		15,153		15,153
State aid	-	185,000		185,000		212,178		27,178
Total Revenues	3,	555,112		3,555,112		3,597,481	_	42,369
EXPENDITURES Current								
General government support		67,000		68,524		68,524		-
Transportation	2,	136,285		2,136,079		2,207,410		(71,331)
Employee benefits	ç	931,810		930,492		1,068,835		(138,343)
Debt service								
Interest		24,480		24,480		24,480		-
Total Expenditures	3,	159,575		3,159,575		3,369,249		(209,674)
Excess of Revenues								
Over Expenditures	;	395,537		395,537		228,232		(167,305)
OTHER FINANCING USES								
Transfers out	(395,537)		(395,537)		(395,537)		_
Net Change in Fund Balance		**				(167,305)		(167,305)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) Beginning of Year				-		98,853		98,853
End of Year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(68,452)	\$	(68,452)

			2	017			
	Original Budget	Final Budget			Actual		riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
\$	3,209,998	\$	3,209,998	\$	3,209,998	\$	-
	-		-		36		36
	•		-		100		100
	160,000		160,000		212,036		52,036
	3,369,998	*****	3,369,998		3,422,170		52,172
	65,000		65,610		65,610		_
	2,047,439		1,981,338		2,033,373		(52,035)
	869,413		934,904		943,542		(8,638)
	15,903		15,903		15,903		
	2,997,755		2,997,755		3,058,428		(60,673)
	372,243		372,243		363,742		(8,501)
	(372,243)		(372,243)		(372,243)		-
	-		-		(8,501)		(8,501)
	·				107,354	******	107,354
\$	-	\$_	•	\$	98,853	\$	98,853

Special Districts Fund Combining Balance Sheet - Sub-Funds December 31, 2018 (With Comparative Totals for 2017)

	Wild Oaks Sewer District			ak Ridge Sewer District	•	Water District	
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$	244,088	\$	1,595	\$	302,679	
Casil and equivalents	<u>*</u>	244,000	Ψ	1,090	Ψ	302,079	
Receivables Water rents		-		-		53,380	
Due from other funds		216,275		90,916			
		216,275	-	90,916		53,380	
Total Assets	\$	460,363	\$	92,511	\$	356,059	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities							
Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$	2,390	\$	3,248 -	\$	7,160 219,850	
Total Liabilities		2,390		3,248		227,010	
Fund balances Assigned		457,973		89,263		129,049	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	460,363	\$	92,511	\$	356,059	

		Totals							
	Lighting District		2018		2017				
\$	•	\$ 548,362		\$	603,708				
	-		53,380		54,438				
	8,730		315,921		248,806				

	8,730		369,301		303,244				
\$	8,730	\$	917,663	\$	906,952				
		•							
\$	1,219	\$	14,017	\$	35,604				
•	-,	•	219,850	•	372,629				
	1,219		233,867		408,233				
	7,511		683,796		498,719				
\$	8,730_	\$	917,663	\$	906,952				

Special Districts Fund
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balances - Sub-Funds
Year Ended December 31, 2018
(With Comparative Totals for 2017)

	Wild Oaks Sewer District	Oak Ridge Sewer District	Water District
REVENUES	A 400 500	400.000	•
Real property taxes	\$ 193,583	\$ 493,206	\$ -
Departmental income	•	13,718	267,722
Use of money and property	390	-	676
State aid	140,000		-
Total Revenues	333,973	506,924	268,398
EXPENDITURES Current			
General government support Transportation	24,655	4,100	-
Home and community services	231,104	161,090	204,058
Debt service	,	,	,
Interest	737		8,355
Total Expenditures	256,496	165,190	212,413
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	77,477	341,734	55,985
OTHER FINANCING USES			
Transfers out	(3,000)	(272,739)	(12,000)
Net Change in Fund Balances	74,477	68,995	43,985
FUND BALANCES			
Beginning of Year	383,496	20,268	85,064
End of Year	\$ 457,973	\$ 89,263	\$ 129,049

		Totals							
	_ighting District	2018		2017					
\$	12,175 - - -	\$ 698,964 281,440 1,066 140,000	\$	684,691 286,129 770 70,000					
**********	12,175	 1,121,470		1,041,590					
	- 14,555 - -	28,755 14,555 596,252 9,092		28,635 14,054 699,975 7,411					
	14,555	 648,654		750,075					
	(2,380)	472,816		291,515					
		(287,739)		(288,910)					
	(2,380)	185,077		2,605					
	9,891_	498,719		496,114					
\$_	7,511	\$ 683,796	\$	498,719					

Capital Projects Fund Comparative Balance Sheet December 31,

	2018			2017	
ASSETS Cash and equivalents Due from other funds	\$	464,757 485,354	\$	379,260 485,354	
Total Assets	\$	950,111	\$	864,614	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) Liabilities					
Accounts payable Bond anticipation notes payable	\$	11,047 600,000	\$	23,152 3,045,906	
Total Liabilities		611,047		3,069,058	
Fund balance (deficit) Restricted Unassigned		339,064 		(2,204,444)	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance (Deficit)	\$	950,111	\$	864,614	

Capital Projects Fund
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance
Years Ended December 31,

DEVENUE		2018		2017		
REVENUES State aid	\$	100,000	\$	-		
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay		767,398		399,550		
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures		(667,398)		(399,550)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Bonds issued Transfers in	-	3,105,567 105,339		- 70,194		
Total Other Financing Sources		3,210,906		70,194		
Net Change in Fund Balance		2,543,508		(329,356)		
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) Beginning of Year		(2,204,444)		(1,875,088)		
End of Year	\$	339,064	\$	(2,204,444)		

Balance Sheet Combining Non-Major Governmental Funds December 31, (With Comparative Totals for 2019)

	5	Debt Service	Special Purpose	2018		2017
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$	-	\$ 64,538	\$ 64,538	\$	97,919
Due from other funds		63,497	 _	 63,497		-
Total Assets	\$	63,497	\$ 64,538	\$ 128,035	\$	97,919
FUND BALANCE Restricted	\$	63,497	\$ 64,538	\$ 128,035	<u>\$</u>	97,919

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Non-Major Governmental Funds
Year Ended December 31, 2018
(With Comparative Totals for 2017)

			Totals				
	Debt Service	Special Purpose	2018	2017			
REVENUES Miscellaneous	\$ -	¢ 76 244	¢ 76.244	¢ 24.204			
Wiscenarieous	<u> </u>	\$ 76,344	\$ 76,344	\$ 31,204			
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
Culture and recreation	-	109,725	109,725	-			
Debt service							
Principal '	845,000	-	845,000	825,000			
Interest	246,080		246,080	274,433			
Total Expenditures	1,091,080	109,725	1,200,805	1,099,433			
Deficiency of Revenues							
Over Expenditures	(1,091,080)	(33,381)	(1,124,461)	(1,068,229)			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
Issuance premium	63,497	-	63,497	-			
Transfers in	1,091,080		1,091,080	1,099,433			
Total Other Financing							
Sources	1,154,577	-	1,154,577	1,099,433			
Not Change in Friend Balances	62.407	(22.201)	30,116	31,204			
Net Change in Fund Balances	63,497	(33,381)	30, 110	31,204			
FUND BALANCES							
Beginning of Year		97,919	97,919	66,715			
End of Year	\$ 63,497	\$ 64,538	\$ 128,035	\$ 97,919			

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Non-Major Governmental Fund - Debt Service Fund Comparative Balance Sheet December 31,

	 2018	<u></u>	2017
ASSETS Due from other funds	\$ 63,497	\$	-
FUND BALANCE Restricted	\$ 63,497	\$	_

Non-Major Governmental Fund - Debt Service Fund Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Years Ended December 31,

	2018			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
EXPENDITURES Debt service				
Serial bonds Principal	845,000	845,000	845,000	
Interest	246,080	246,080	246,080	<u>-</u>
morost	240,000	240,000	240,000	
Total Expenditures	1,091,080	1,091,080	1,091,080	
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures	(1,091,080)	(1,091,080)	(1,091,080)	-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Issuance premium Transfers in	- 1,091,080	- 1,091,080	63,497 1,091,080	63,497
Total Other Financing Sources	1,091,080	1,091,080	1,154,577	63,497
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	63,497	63,497
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year	With the second control of the second contro		-	
End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 63,497	\$ 63,497

2017						
Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
\$ -	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	\$ -			
825,000	825,000	825,000	_			
274,433	274,433	274,433	-			
1,099,433	1,099,433	1,099,433				
(1,099,433)	(1,099,433)	(1,099,433)	-			
1,099,433	1,099,433	1,099,433	-			
1,099,433	1,099,433	1,099,433	-			
-	-	-	-			
\$ -	\$	\$	\$			